

The image shows a display of various potato varieties arranged in a grid-like fashion. Each variety is placed in a small compartment with a label. The varieties include:

- Chano Ajawiri
- Azul Kanchillo
- Puka Chojillo
- Yana Tarma
- Wayru
- Cachito
- Choqche Waltha
- Guantiba
- Azul
- Yana Ocuro
- Chir Koylla Tunguraya
- Garmendia
- Ichipisa
- Venancia
- Uchun Chaki
- Qosqia
- Choko Lucky
- venancia
- Muru Warmi
- Pasña Papa
- Yana Piña
- Yana Pumataki
- Imilla
- Pepina Colorada
- cur
- adg
- cha
- juz
- ajh







# Orientation video





Dr. Noelle Barkley  
is the Manager of  
Genetic Resources  
Conservation





Noelle describing  
the different  
potato cultivars in  
the collection.

She is explaining  
the "Weeping  
Bride" potato.





Yana Piña is the Weeping  
Bride potato.

Prospective brides must  
peel this bumpy potato in  
a way that satisfies their  
future mother-in-law.



Yana Pumamaki is the "Puma" potato because the ridges in the potato resemble the cat's foot.





Peruanita is popular  
because it has the colors  
of the Peruvian flag.





The Institute also conserves other root and tuber crops.

Maca is the swollen hypocotyl of a plant in the Brassica family.

Maca powder is commonly available and said to improve vigor.

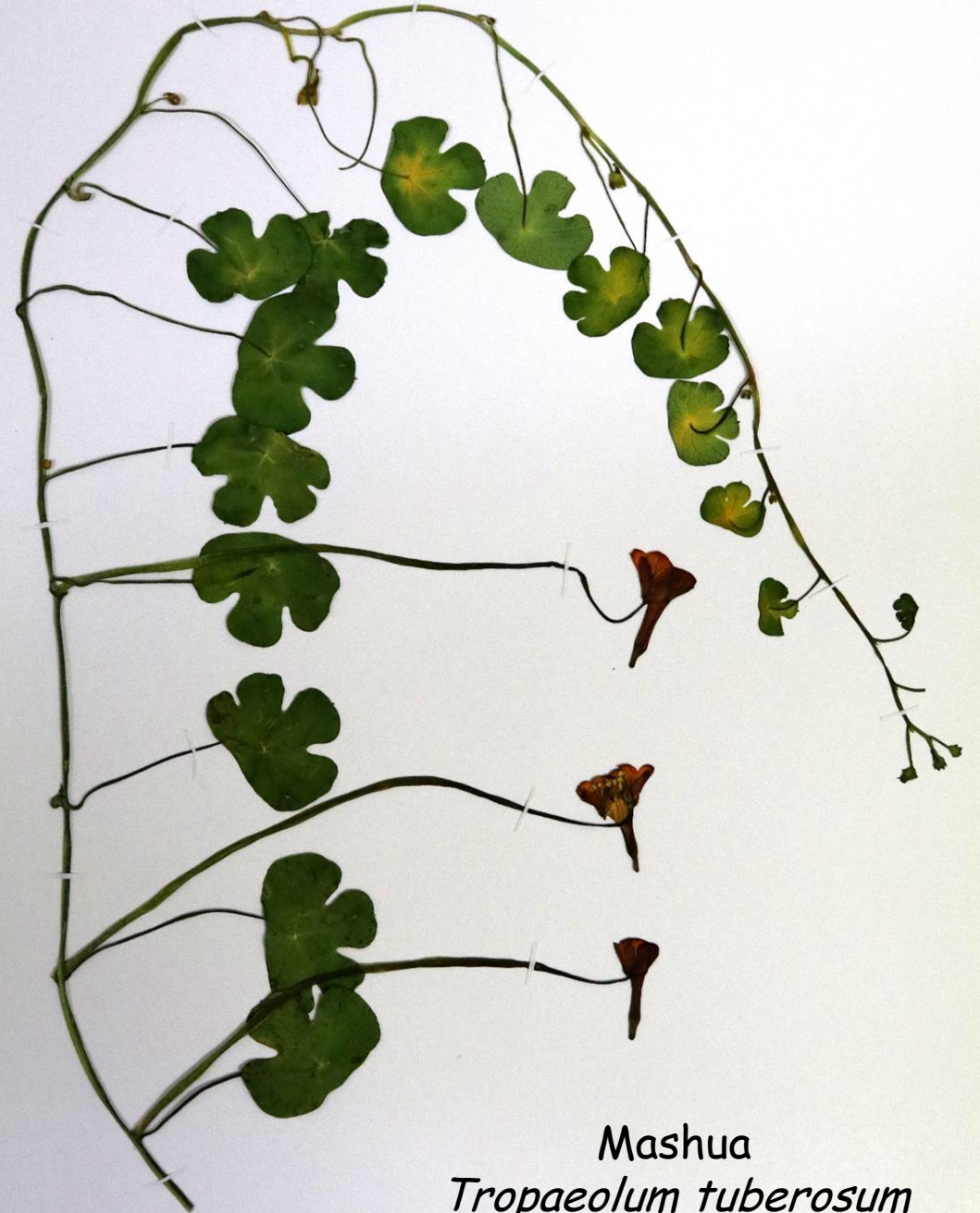
In the US, maca is included in some menopause nutritional supplements.





Mashua is a type of nasturtium that produces an edible tuber.

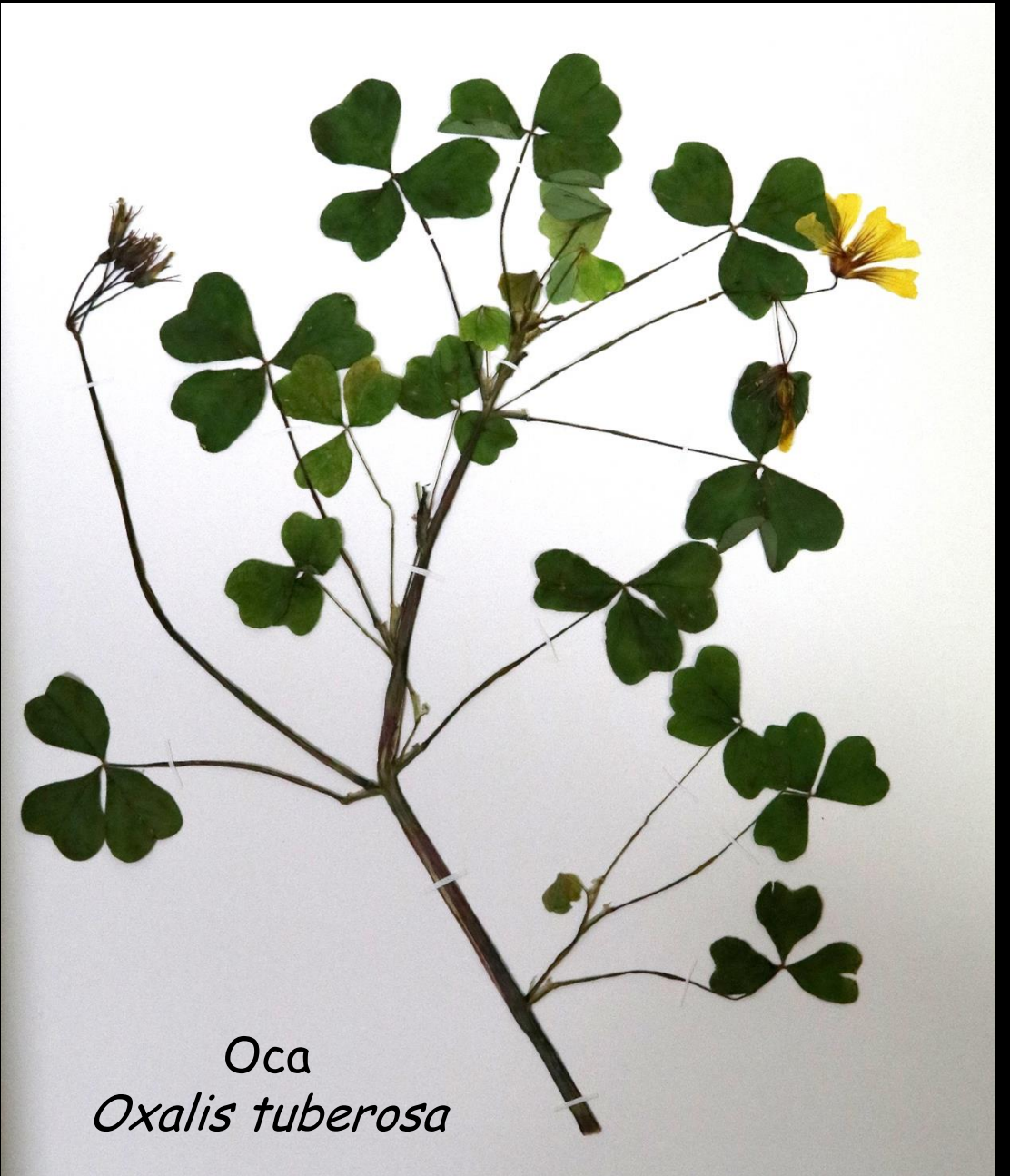
It is said to be the Peruvian Viagra.



Mashua  
*Tropaeolum tuberosum*



Oca produces an edible tuber  
commonly roasted or boiled.



Oca  
*Oxalis tuberosa*



The clonal accessions are maintained in tissue culture.





Potato micropropagation.





Controlled environment screen houses.





Elisa Salas described the  
sensory processing lab.





Sensory evaluation.











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