Dye

Continued from Page 1

The problem with the abuse and other relatives peeled off. who had indicated a desire to adopt Amy.

any other court documents anyone about the incident. were the dynamics of the adopted.

#1 — was 10 years older than Amy. The other broth- her skin." er, Garrett, was eight years older than Amy.

father, Chris Dye, had state took any action. divorced in 2004 and even incorrect.

abused one of the boys by giving him "thirty licks" risk of harm."

files showed very little in the opinion. inquiry or records checking the household."

covered that Chris' discipli- administrators, abuse in the past," Shepherd about Amy.

moved back into the home social workers, per state pol-"and took a parenting role icy. toward all three children.' home again.

adoption."

Abuse and neglect

According to records obtained from the cabinet, social workers received no less than eight reports of abuse and/or neglect toward

On March 23, 2007, the cabinet received "a report cabinet said it received a that Brother #1 threw Amy across the bed and kicked her, leaving bruises on her hips in about 5-inch circles."

Shepherd said the cabinet's response was that "this refferal does not meet criteria for investigation as this the "head injury" was from involves a sibling altercation ... No worker has been assigned to investigate."

On March 30, 2007, a report was made that Amy told the school nurse that Brother#1 was hitting her. Amy also said she "fell off the bed with her legs closed and when she hit the ground they were open and a piece of wood 'went up inside

her.'" A "Cabinet worker" called to discuss the allegations with Kim, who said Amy "bruises easily and plays rough with her brothers." Kim also asked the worker to call her first since Amy's history meant she would "freak

out at social workers." The cabinet determined the matter was "child against

child" and took no action.

On May 2, 2007, the placement, the judge said. Cabinet was contacted by a was that the state allowed school nurse because Amy the adoption despite a previ- had thumb prints on her face ous incident of recorded and her skin was broken and

Amy reported she was hurt by Brother #1 again and Some information that that her mother said she wasn't previously disclosed in would spank her if she told

A social worker went to Dye family when Amy was the school and took pictures of Amy and reported redness At the time of the adop- on her face. When asked by tion, Kim Dye was a single the worker about the parent to two boys. The old- injuries, Kim Dye said the est brother — identified in marks were caused by Amy the court records as Brother playing in a gravel pile and "rubbing the gravel against

According to Shepherd's opinion, there were no Kim Due and the bous' records that indicate the

Also on May 2, the school though the two remain nurse sent a letter to the cabdivorced, the cabinet in its inet in reference to "six records would say that both referrals she had already were Amy's parents, which made to the Cabinet based Shepherd points out was on suspected abuse toward (Amy)." Shepherd said the The records also point out nurse expressed concern that in 2003, prior to the that the injuries were ongodivorce, the state had sub- ing and asked for a social stantiated that Chris had worker to come to the school and speak to Amy.

"The Court finds it alarmresulting in bruising. Social ing that although the nurse workers determined there identified by name the was no need to open a case Cabinet worker to whom she because there was a "limited made the report each time, aside from the letter itself, The records show Chris the Cabinet's file only con-Dye was not living in the tains records of three of home at the time of Amy's these six reports made by the adoption and the adoption school nurse," Shepherd said

The Todd County of Chris, nor did the state Standard, through sources consider possible impact that wished to remain anonyfrom previous abuse or the mous for this story, estimates fact that "he played, at mini- the number of reported abusmum, a disciplinary role in es are at least double what Shepherd describes as a min-"Had the Cabinet investi- imum of eight instances in gated, they would have dis- which a combination of nary techniques had resulted teachers and teacher's aides in a substantiated incident of contacted a regional office

The school system is not At some point, Chris Dye allowed to contact the local

Shepherd pointed to a And, the cabinet even March 14, 2007 record not acknowledged in some files documented in the cabinet's that Chris was living in the file, in which a guidance counselor had reported to Shepherd's opinion said the state that Amy had bruis-"at no point do the files indi- ing "on both thighs" and cate that Cabinet personnel "Brother #1 had kicked her." investigated who the adult Also not in the cabinet's file male was that was living in is an April 26, 2007 report the home who had not been where a school nurse noted present at the time of the to the cabinet that Amy had marks on her arms after "Brother #1 (grabbed) her, throwing her down, and shooting her in the arm with a BB gun." Another such Judge Shepherd said state report from April 19, 2007 indicated that Amy told the school nurse her private parts hurt and that it burned when she urinated.

> On May 18, 2007, the report that Amy said she was hit on her head with a shovel by Brother #1. A social worker called to speak with Kim and Chris Dye — who was back living in the home and the worker was told Amy "hitting her head on a desk at school."

> Shepherd said the only thing the cabinet did in this instance was to refer the matter to another agency.

> On Sept. 25, 2007, the cabinet was again contacted about Amy saying her brothers hurt her. She had a bruised and swollen eye, she was covered with bites and told officials that the abuse had "been going on for a long time." Shepherd said in his ruling that the file indicates her parents had told her not to report the abuse and at first she told the social worker that she had fallen.

> When Kim Dye was called by social services about the bruises, she "admitted she had told Amy not to tell any

then told the cabinet worker that Amy had tripped over her shoelaces.

When the brothers were interviewed by a cabinet worker, they said Amy "had fallen while running." Amy also later told the worker that she fell while running and hit her face on the ground.

Shepherd said the cabinet worker came to the conclusion the family was "not in need of services due to Amy admitting that she fell."

On Nov. 7, 2008, there was a report that Chris had face with his fist earlier in the school. Garrett was interworker he was "hit on accident due to his behaviors" and that "he was afraid to go back home to his father." Because there were "no current marks" on Garrett, the cabinet decided not to open

Shepherd said Garrett had been committed to the school and that he had substance abuse problems.

"Notwithstanding all of this information, the Cabinet repeated reports of abuse of (Amy) that came from credible sources, including her school nurse," Shepherd said in his ruling. "No action was ever taken by the Cabinet to protect her, although the Cabinet knew that she was in a home with an adult against whom it had substantiated a finding of child abuse, and an adoptive brother with substance abuse problems who was caught taking a gun to school."

Murder and aftermath

Shepherd, in his ruling, recounts some details from the night Amy was murdered. According to various court records, including Garrett Dye's criminal file obtained by the Standard, Amy and Garrett Dye were shoveling gravel in sub-freezing temperatures on the night of her murder. She was being punished for stealing pudding and juice from a

friend's lunchbox at school. Garrett later admitted to beating Amy in the head with a hydraulic jack handle and pled guilty to murder, tampering with physical evidence and resisting arrest on

Oct. 21, 2011. Shepherd pointed out in his ruling that following Amy's death police discovered her dresser drawers full of clothes outside on a trailer and covered with a tarp. (The judge notes that photos of the dresser drawers that were "strewn about on a trailer" are contained in the cabinet's files as well.)

The investigation revealed that Amy "defecated on herself at home for the year prior to her murder and would put her soiled underwear back in her dresser drawers." Kim Dye eventually put the drawers outside and made Amy walk outside to go get clean clothes whenever she defecated on herself, according to court docu-

Shepherd's opinion said that one source reported to the cabinet that Kimberly told Amy "that if she was going to act like a dog, she would be treated like one" and put her toys and clothes in a shed and left her outside with only a jacket on. Garrett Dye eventually let her back inside, and according to Shepherd, Kim "scolded him for doing so." Shepherd points out that Kim Dye denies that such an incident occurred.

According to the records, school employees reported no bowel problems for Amy

when she was at school. The cabinet's investiga-

one that Brother #1 did that tion also revealed that Chris enforcement" but that same need to "personally administer to her, because (Amy) had Dye had once punished Amy form that was sent also indi- the fatal blow in order to be done it to herself." Kim Dye by leaving her in a hotel cated "law enforcement held responsible for abuse and parking lot in Clarksville, assistance was not requested Tenn. A source told the cabi- as no safety concerns were net that Kim and Chris had reported left Amy in the parking lot through the current referral with her suitcase and told her and/or any past referrals." they did not want her anymore.

Chris admitted on record to doing it and said he eventually took her back home and told her no one wanted her. Chris told social workers that he believed it was a being present, the records show.

While Brother #1 was punched Garrett Dye in the identified by Shepherd as the primary perpetrator in the year after Garrett had been reports (and not Garrett caught taking a gun to Dye), the cabinet were aware the parents were "not igno- that the records given to the viewed, but he told the social rant of the abuse that was court "establish in brutal detail occurring." The cabinet's that (Amy) Dye's death was a records indicate that Kim direct result of child abuse or Dye told Amy not to tell any- neglect and that was why he Tuesday she had reviewed the one about the origin of her allowed disclosure of the files, but no charges had been bruises and threatened her records. with spankings if she did tell. Also, Shepherd called Kim placed in the home of the peoment to present any results of Dye's explanations to the ple who abused her, one of their further investigation to cabinet "dubious."

"The Cabinet, Department of Juvenile receiving these reports, had Justice for taking a gun to a legal duty to notify law enforcement authorities and to conduct an investigation," Shepherd said.

discounted or ignored the that at least one of the "cavalier" since it claimed that said they will appeal to the "appropriate

or observed

Shepherd said the cabinet strained the definition of "abused or neglected child" beyond reason by "claiming it has no duty to investigate a series of serious reports of sibling-on-sibling abuse.

"Allowing the Cabinet to good way "to teach Amy a essentially ignore cases in Health Services has told the lesson." Kim Dye denied which a parent condones one media that it is in the process sibling repeatedly inflicting bodily harm on another sibling — particularly one that is 10 years younger — cannot possibly be what the legislature intended," Shepherd said.

Shepherd went on to say

"The fact is (Amy) Dye was whom ultimately murdered her, me," she said. only with the approval by the this home in the first place."

Shepherd did point out response to reports of abuse years. Garrett Dye's attorney reports of physical abuse was it had no jurisdiction to stop Kentucky Supreme Court a faxed on Nov. 29, 2007 to the beatings since they came judge's decision to allow a conthe Todd County Attorney, from a sibling and not a par-fession Garrett gave the Commonwealth's Attorney ent. The judge said the law is Kentucky State Police that he law clear that the parent does not killed his sister.

neglect ... if the parent places the child in danger and neglects to protect the child from on-going physical or emotional abuse by a sibling or anyone

Shepherd said it was stunning to believe that the cabinet will refuse to protect a child from repeated acts of physical violence by a sibling when the parent knows and tolerates it.

The Cabinet for Family and of reviewing the case.

Officials are still unsure if there will ultimately be any charges against the parents, Brother #1 or case workers for social services because of the information revealed when the cabinet's files were made pub-

Commonwealth's Attorney Gail Guiling told the Standard filed.

"I'm waiting on law enforce-

Garrett Dye is currently Cabinet," Shepherd said. "But awaiting sentencing on Nov. for the actions of the Cabinet, 23 in Todd County Circuit (she) would never have been in Court. He could be sentenced to 50 years in prison with a Shepherd called the state's possibility of parole after 20

ORDINANCE NO 2011-8

AMENDING ORDINANCE 1991-1-C PERTAINING TO THE COST OF CEMETERY PLOTS IN GUTHRIE HIGHLAND CEMETERY

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GUTHRIE, KENTUCKY AS FOLLOWS:

AN ORDINANCE consolidating and updating the rules and regulations pertaining to the operation and

- Each cemetery lot, currently designed for four (4) grave sites (16' x 18') will be sold at a cost of \$300.00 \(\frac{\frac{1,200.00}{1,200.00}} \) is required for each lot and which must be paid at the time of purchase. Arrangements for two (2) grave lots may be arranged made if needed. when necessary. A certificate of ownership and-perpetual-eare will be issued on purchase of any lot.
- No lots will be sold in the future without perpetual care. For those lots sold prior to this ordinance an annual charge of \$10.00 will be made to cover the care for each (4) four grave lot. All prior lot owners are urged to purchase perpetual care to eliminate the inconvenience and administrative burden of annual billing. Summary of charges:

PERPETUAL CARE *ANNUAL CHARGE TYPE OF LOT PURCHASE

4 GRAVE 2 GRAVE

undertaker.

maintenance of the Guthrie Highland Cemetery.

\$150.00 **\$600.00**

should be coordinated with Cook-Weeb undertakers.

\$50.00

\$5.00

*Annual charge for owners without perpetual-care. Cemetery care includes: filling and leveling of grave sites, mowing and trimming (twice monthly during grass-growing months), road care and general clearing of debris.

- The cemetery will remain open to the public during daylight hours only. In/Out routes will be open only for ceremonies as arranges with the Police Department
- All arrangements for burials on owned lots not made with local (Cook-Webb) undertakers
- All grave opening and closures are to be arranged by cemetery lot owners with an authorized
- Monument purchase and installation is a private transaction between lot owner and monument contractors. All installed headstones/monuments must be mounted on a concrete slab not less than four (4) inches deep.
- Cemetery lots shall be used for burial purpose of human remains only (NO PETS).
 - No shrubbery, evergreens, trees or similar plants shall be planted upon the cemetery or upon or
- All flowers not removed within 7 days after the opening of a new grave shall be removed.
- Glass containers are not permitted on grave sites.
- During mowing season, from the first day of May, to the thirteenth day of September, and with the exception of the weekend of Memorial Day, no flowers (artificial or natural) or other ornaments may be placed on the ground. They may only be placed on top – or securely attached to - a headstone.
- For information concerning the cemetery, contact the City Clerk (270-483-2511)

FIRST READING

The first reading of this Ordinance was held on the 20th, day of September, 2011.

SECOND READING

The second reading of this Ordinance was held on the 11th day of October, 2011 and upon a roll call vote was adopted by the city council of the City of Guthrie, Todd County Kentucky.

MAYORIAL APPROVAL

I, A. Scott Marshall, Mayor of the City of Guthrie, Todd County, Kentucky, hereby accept and approve

the foregoing Ordinance this 11th day of October, 2011.

ATTEST:

