Alternative Control Methods for Japanese Beetles on Grapes

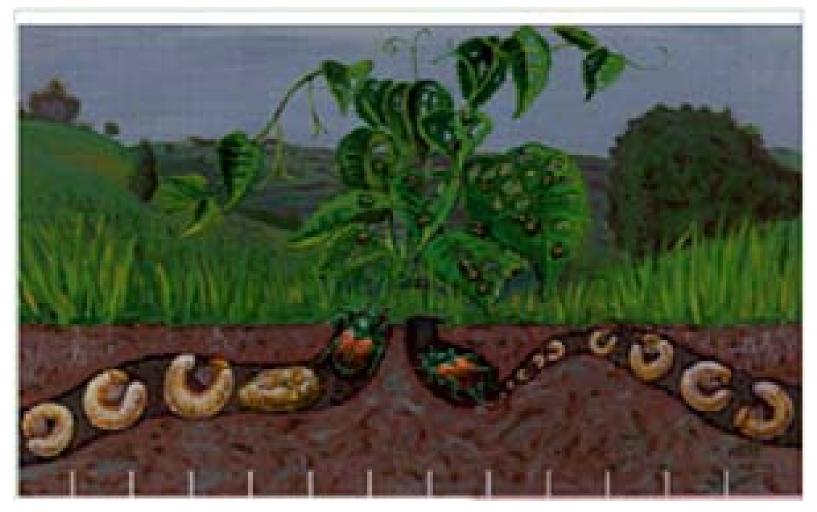


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Japanese Beetle Life Cycle



Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

Japanese Beetle DON'TS

- <u>Don't</u> use Japanese beetle traps
 - Just say no!
- <u>Don't</u> wait to spray
 - Control low numbers early in the season
 - Damaged leaves bring in more beetles



Why do we need alternative methods for Japanese beetles?

"I still can use Sevin, can't I?"



Reasons to consider alternatvies

- Residual activity
- Days to harvest
- Application method
- Organic alternatives
- Other Pests
- New invasive pests of grapes
 - Brown marmorated stink bug
 - Spotted winged
 Drosophila



Insecticides for Japanese Beetle in ID-94 at shatter stage

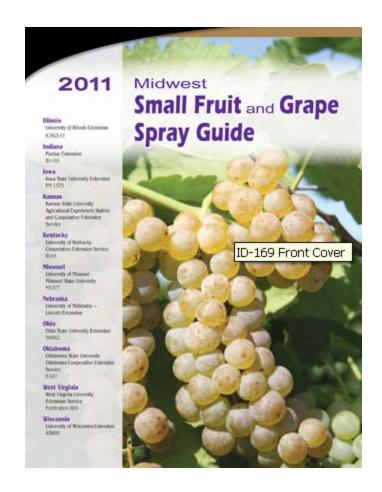
- Actara
- Assail
- Avaunt
- Aza-Direct
- Belay (foliar only)
- Brigade (10WP/2 EC)
- Brigadier
- Danitol
- Imidan
- Mustang Max

- Neemix
- Platinum (soil only)
- Pyganic
- Sevin
- Voliam Flexi



Effectiveness of Recommended Insecticides (ID-94, page 30)

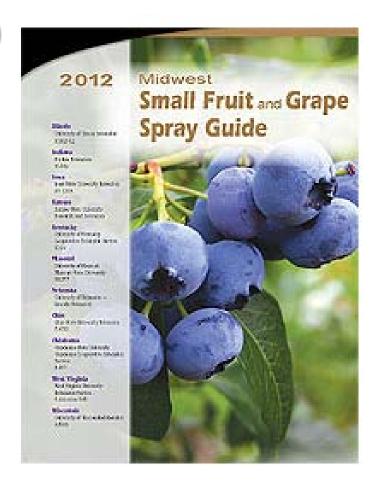
- Highly Effective (+++)
 - Baythroid (3 3 days)
 - Danitol (3 21 days)
 - Mustang Max (3 1 day)
 - Renounce (3 3 days)
 - Sevin (1A 7 days)



Blue = Restricted Use Pesticide (RUP)

Effectiveness of Recommended Insecticides (ID-94, page 30)

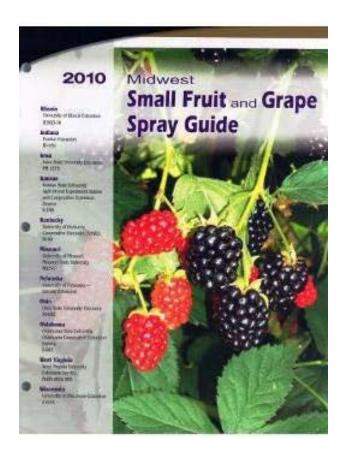
- Moderately Effective (++)
 - Assail (4 7 days)
 - *− Brigade* (30 − 21 days)
 - Imidan (1B 7/14 days)
 - Malathion (1B 3 days)



Blue = Restricted Use Pesticide (RUP)

Effectiveness of Recommended Insecticides (ID-94, page 30)

- Slightly Effective (+)
 - Belay (4 0/30 days)
 - Provado (4 0 day)
 - Venom/Scorpion (3 1/28 day)



What Hasn't Been Proven

- Adult control through grub control
 - Adults are excellent fliers

- Milky Spore to control grubs
 - Milky disease occurs naturally



Residual Activity

- Formulation matters!
 - Sevin XLR >> other carbaryl formulations

- Systemics provide longer control
 - Platinum 2F



Pre-Harvest Intervals (days to harvest) for grapes

•	Aza-Direct (OMRI)	0	
•	Neemix (OMRI)	0	
•	Provado	0	
•	Belay (foliar only)	0	(30)
•	Mustang Max	1	
•	Venom (foliar only)	1	(28)
•	Malathion	3	
•	Baythroid	3	
•	Actara	5	
•	Assail	7	
•	Avaunt	7	
•	Sevin	7	
•	Imidan	7/	14

•	Voliam Flexi	14
•	Danitol	21
•	Brigade	30
•	Brigadier	30
•	Platinum (soil only)	60



Application Methods

- Most products used as foliar sprays
 - Used as needed with scouting

 Platinum used as a soil application in advance of Japanese beetle arrival



Organic Control Methods

- Fine netting to exclude them during peak flight
 - Shade cloth materials (1/6")

- Neem oil sprays (2-3 days)
 - Aza-Direct
 - Neemix

Pyganic (1 day)



Other Pests to Control While Spraying for Japanese Beetle

- Green June beetle
- Leafhoppers
- Grape berry moth
- Asian lady beetle
- Grape rootworm
- Wasps at harvest



New Invasive Pests Brown Marmorated Stink Bug

- 2010 found in KY
- In at least 12 counties
- Pest of grapes and other fruits
- Builds to high levels June- Aug
- Will taint juice (>9/lug), but not wine



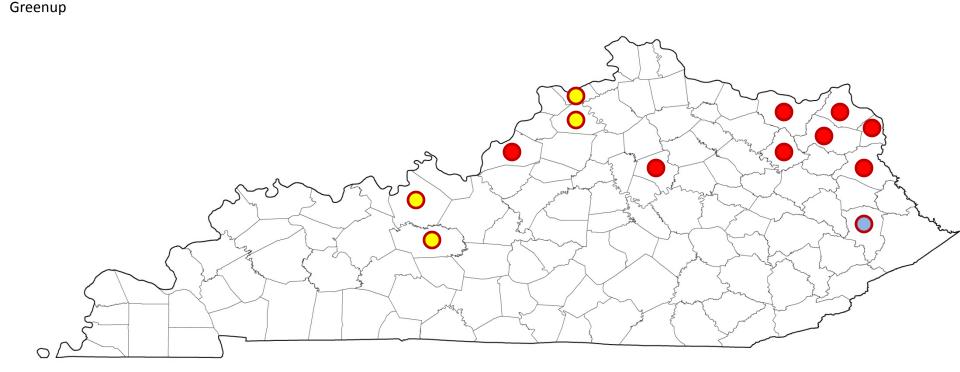
Confirmed

Fayette
Jefferson
Rowan
Carter
Boyd
Lawrence

Brown Marmorated Stink Bug

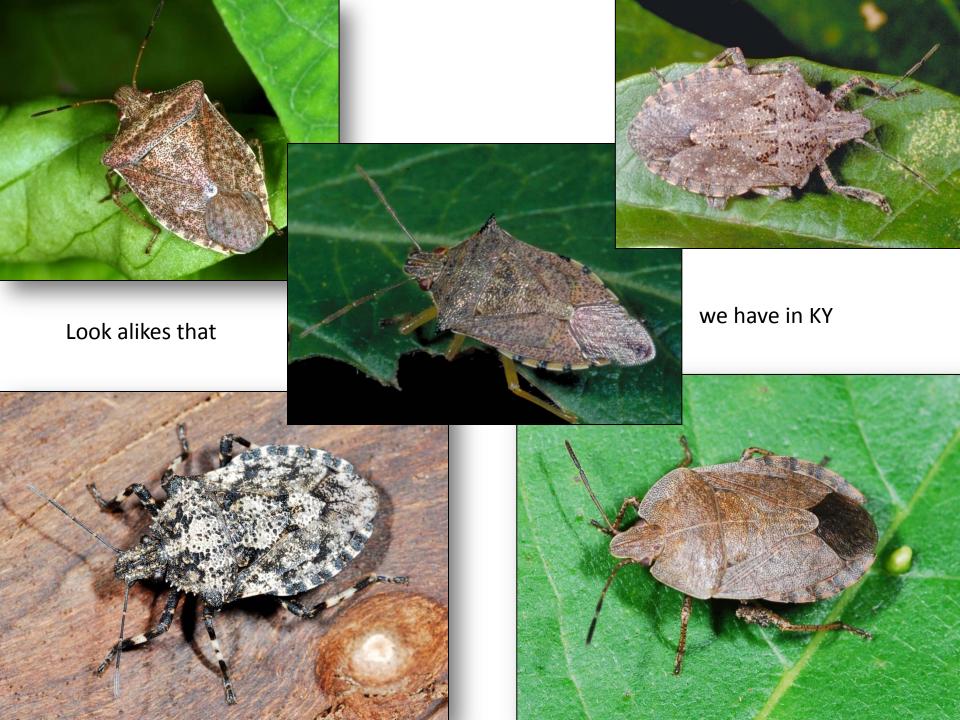
Reported
Grayson
Breckinridge
Henry
Carroll
Lewis

Floyd



- Established
- Single Specimen
- Indoor stink bug complaints

First report: Early October 2010



Crops attacked

Vegetables	Fruit	Field Crops	
• Beans	• Peaches & nectarines	• Corn	
 Tomato 	Apples & pears	 Soybeans 	
 Pepper 	• Grapes (tainted juice)	• Tobacco?	
 Squash 	Cherry	• Cotton?	
 Leafy vegetables 	s • Persimmon		
 Melons 	 Black & raspberries 		
 Sweet corn 	 Blueberries 	Nut Crops	
 Eggplant 	 Mulberry 	• Pecans	
Pumpkin	 Strawberry 	 Hazelnuts 	
 Cucumber 	• Figs	110201100	

BMSB as a Household Issue

Aggregate in high numbers in small confined spaces such as:

- behind bookshelves
- beneath mattresses
- inside window AC units

Enter buildings over an 8 to 10 week period high on structure

Stink when disturbed (like cilantro)!

Can feed on houseplants inside (orchids)



Brown marmorated stink bug

(T. Leskey: USDA)	Japanese beetle insecticides		
• Malathion 92.5 • Malathion +	+		
• Brigade 91.5 • Brigade +	+		
• Venom • Venom +			
• Danitol (Hi) 66.7 • Danitol +	++		
• Actara 56.3 • Actara -			
• Belay 55.6 • Belay +			
 Mustang Max 49.6 Mustang Max + 	++		
• Baythroid 49.1 • Baythroid +	++		
• Provado 40.0 • Provado +			
• Assail • Assail +	+		
• Imidan 20.0 • Imidan +	+		
• Avaunt 11.3 • Avaunt +	+		
• Sevin 9.2 • Sevin +-	++		

What we expect next

- Continue to spread to new counties in 2012
- Increased reports of household invasion in Oct/Nov 2012
- 2012 Reports of BMSB as a backyard pest
- 2013 Reports of BMSB becoming a field crop pest
- 2013 or 2014? USDA APHIS approval to release Chinese wasps to help with BMSB

Spotted winged Drosophila

Pest of small fruit including grapes

Found in North Carolina, Virginia, Ohio, Michigan and other states

Can attacks sound fruit before they fully ripen

Can vector yeasts and bacteria to the berries

What makes this fruit fly different is the females ovipositor (egg layer), it has teeth to penetrate the skin of fruit

Spotted winged Drosophila

- Attack as fruit turn color
 - Cherry
 - Strawberry
 - Grape
 - Blackberry
 - Raspberry
 - Blueberry
 - Peach

Spotted winged Drosophila

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(R. Van Steenwyk: 2011)

Japanese beetle insecticides

•	Malathion	7 - 14 d	•	Malathion	++
•	Danitol	7 - 14 d	•	Danitol	+++
•	Actara	< 1 day	•	Actara	-
•	Mustang Max	3 - 7 day	•	Mustang Max	+++
•	Baythroid	3 - 7 day	•	Baythroid	+++
•	Provado	3 - 7 day	•	Provado	+
•	Assail	1 - 3 day	•	Assail	++
•	Sevin	< 1 day	•	Sevin	+++
•	Delegate	3 - 7 day	•	Delegate	-
•	Entrust	3 - 7 day	•	Entrust	-

Watch Pre-harvest intervals (PHIs) carefully when spraying close to harvest