FORM APPROVED OMB NUMBER 0348-0055

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This Disclosure Statement has been designed to meet the requirements of Public Law 100-679, and persons completing it are to describe the educational institution and its cost accounting practices. For complete regulations, instructions and timing requirements concerning submission of the Disclosure Statement, refer to Section 9903.202 of Chapter 99 of Title 48 CFR (48 CFR 9903).
- 2. Part I of the Statement provides general information concerning each reporting unit (e.g., segments, business units, and central system or group (intermediate administration) offices). Parts II through VI pertain to the types of costs generally incurred by the segment or business unit directly performing under Federally sponsored agreements (e.g., contracts, grants and cooperative agreements). Part VII pertains to the types of costs that are generally incurred by a central or group office and are allocated to one or more segments performing under Federally sponsored agreements.
- 3. Each segment or business unit required to disclose its cost accounting practices should complete the Cover Sheet, the Certification, and Parts I through VI.
- 4. Each central or group office required to disclose its cost accounting practices for measuring, assigning and allocating its costs to segments performing under Federally sponsored agreements should complete the Cover Sheet, the Certification, Part I and Part VII of the Disclosure Statement. Where a central or group office incurs the types of cost covered by Parts IV, V and VI, and the cost amounts allocated to segments performing under Federally sponsored agreements are material, such office(s) should complete Parts IV, V, or VI for such material elements of cost. While a central or group office may have more than one reporting unit submitting Disclosure Statements, only one Statement needs to be submitted to cover the central or group office operations.
 - 5. The Statement must be signed by an authorized signatory of the reporting unit.
- 6. The Disclosure Statement should be answered by marking the appropriate line or inserting the applicable letter code which describes the segment's (reporting unit's) cost accounting practices.
- 7. A number of questions in this Statement may need narrative answers requiring more space than is provided. In such instances, the reporting unit should use the attached continuation sheet provided. The continuation sheet may be reproduced locally as needed. The number of the question involved should be indicated and the same coding required to answer the questions in the Statement should be used in presenting the answer on the continuation sheet. Continuation sheets should be inserted at the end of the pertinent Part of the Statement. On each continuation sheet, the reporting unit should enter the next sequential page number for that Part and, on the last continuation sheet used, the words "End of Part" should be inserted after the last entry.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- 8. Where the cost accounting practice being disclosed is clearly set forth in the institution's existing written accounting policies and procedures, such documents may be cited on a continuation sheet and incorporated by reference. In such cases, the reporting unit should provide the date of issuance and effective date for each accounting policy and/or procedures document cited. Alternatively, copies of the relevant parts of such documents may be attached as appendices to the pertinent Disclosure Statement Part. Such continuation sheets and appendices should be labeled and cross-referenced with the applicable Disclosure Statement item number. Any supplementary comments needed to fully describe the cost accounting practice being disclosed should also be provided.
- 9. Disclosure Statements must be amended when disclosed practices are changed to comply with a new CAS or when practices are changed with or without agreement of the Government (Also see 48 CFR 9903.202-3).
- 10. Amendments shall be submitted to the same offices to which submission would have to be made were an original Disclosure Statement being filed.
- 11. Each amendment should be accompanied by an amended cover sheet (indicating revision number and effective date of the change) and a signed certification. For all resubmissions, on each page, insert "Revision Number _____" and "Effective Date _____" in the Item Description block; and, insert "Revised" under each Item Number amended. Resubmitted Disclosure Statements must be accompanied by similar notations identifying the items which have been changed.

COVER SHEET AND CERTIFICATION University of Kentucky

	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS University of Remacky				
0.1	Educational Institution				
	(a) Name University of Kentucky				
	(b) Street Address Administration Drive				
	(c) City, State and ZIP Code Lexington, Kentucky 40506-0032				
	(d) Division or Campus of (if applicable)				
0.2	Reporting Unit is: (Mark one.) AX_ Independently Administered Public Institution B Independently Administered Nonprofit Institution C Administered as Part of a Public System D Administered as Part of a Nonprofit System E Other (Specify)				
0.3 Revised	Official to Contact Concerning this Statement:				
. ioviou	(a) Name and Title Susan I. Krauss, Treasurer				
	(b) Phone Number (include area code and extension) (859) 257-6231				
0.4	Statement Type and Effective Date: CASB DS-2; July 1, 1997				
	A. (Mark type of submission. If a revision, enter number)				
	 (a) Original Statement (b)X_ Amended Statement; Revision No5 				
	B. Effective Date of this Statement: (Specify) <u>July 1, 2015</u>				
0.5	Statement Submitted To (Provide office name, location and telephone number, include area code and extension):				
	A. Cognizant Federal Agency: <u>Dept. of Health & Human Services.</u> <u>Washington DC (202)-401-2808</u>				
	B. Cognizant Federal Auditor: <u>Dept. of Health & Human Services.</u> <u>Atlanta, GA (404)-331-2446</u>				

COVER SHEET AND CERTIFICATION University of Kentucky

CERTIFICATION

I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief this Statement, as amended in the case of a Revision, is the complete and accurate disclosure as of the date of certification shown below by the above-named organization of its cost accounting practices, as required by the Disclosure Regulations (48 CFR 9903.202) of the Cost Accounting Standards Board under 41 U.S.C. § 422.

Date of Certification:

(Signature)

Eric N. Monday

(Print or Type Name)

Executive Vice President for Finance and

Administration

(Title)

THE PENALTY FOR MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT IN THIS DISCLOSURE IS PRESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. § 1001

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679

PART I - GENERAL INFORMATION
NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
University of Kentucky

	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS University of Kentucky
Item No.	Item description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015
1.1.0	Part I Description of Your Cost Accounting System for recording expenses charged to Federally sponsored
1.1.0	agreements (e.g., contracts, grants and cooperative agreements). (Mark the appropriate line(s) and if more than one is marked, explain on a Continuation sheet.)
	A Accrual BX Modified Accrual Basis 1/ C Cash Basis Y Other 1/
1.2.0	Integration of Cost Accounting with Financial Accounting. The cost accounting system is: (Mark one. If B of C is marked, describe on a continuation sheet the costs which are accumulated on memorandum records.)
	A Integrated with financial accounting records (Subsidiary cost accounts are all controlled by general ledger control accounts.)
	B Not integrated with financial accounting records (Cost data are accumulated on memorandum records.)
	CX_ Combination of A and B
1.3.0	<u>Unallowable Costs</u> . Costs that are not reimbursable as allowable costs under the terms and conditions of Federally sponsored agreements are: (Mark one)
	A Specifically identified and recorded separately in the formal financial accounting records. 1/
	B Identified in separately maintained accounting records or workpapers. 1/
	C Identifiable through use of less formal accounting techniques that permit audit verification. 1/
	DX_ Combination of A, B or C <u>1</u> /
	E Determinable by other means. 1/
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.

PART I - GENERAL INFORMATION
NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
University of Kentucky

	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS UII	iversity of Kentucky
Item No.		evision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015
1.3.1	1 Treatment of Unallowable Costs. (Explain on a continuation sheet associated costs are treated in each allocation base and indirect explanation or activity; when determining indirect cost rates; or, which costs to a segment.)	pense pool, e.g., when allocating costs to a
1.4.0	Cost Accounting Period:July 1 to June 30(Saccumulation and reporting of costs under Federally sponsored agraccounting period is other than the institution's fiscal year used for fir explain circumstances on a continuation sheet.)	
1.5.0	State Laws or Regulations. Identify on a continuation sheet any State institution's cost accounting practices, e.g., State administered pensi limitations or special agreements on allowance of costs.	
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet	

CONTINUATION SHEET

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		Part I #1 of 2		
		NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky		
Item No.	Item Description	Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015		
1.1.0	<u>Description of Your Cost Accounting System</u> - Modified The accrual method of assigning costs to federal projects cash basis. The fixed rate fringe benefit includes terminal	is used except for leave costs which are charged on a		
1.2.0	Integration of Cost Accounting with Financial Accounting The cost accounting system uses the financial accounting and cost sharing information directly from the Integrated Resources Information Systems Financial module (IRIS FI) and adds to it the following information contained in separate computer systems: • depreciation for equipment and buildings • building space allocation for purposes of distributing costs to functions			
		The financial accounting system provides for the association of an F & A cost category code with each cost element. Use of these codes allows the University to sort financial data in the format required for the facilities and administrative (F&A) cost calculation.		
1.3.0	Unallowable Costs - Combination of A, B, and C Unallowable costs, identified on a transaction basis and specified by 2 CFR 200 Cost Principles, Audit, and Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards, Section 621 are determined by three methods: [1] specific identification in the formal accounting records; [2] the use of separately prepared and maintained memorandum records; and [3] the use of less formal accounting techniques. All methods permit audit verification.			
	The following procedures are used:			
	A. Unallowable costs, identified on a transaction basis and Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements fo specifically identified and individually isolated within IRIS to general ledger account is used, the unallowable costs are payable approval process and are rejected prior to process accounts prevent unallowable costs from posting by restrict the exception of charges initiated through the payroll systems.	r Federal Awards, Sections 410 through 430, are by use of general ledger accounts. When the proper detected in the IRIS FI system by the accounts sing. Availability controls on sponsored project cting general ledger accounts at the budget level with		
	B. 200.420 of the A. Unallowable costs, identified on a transaction basis and Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements fo are unallowable for inclusion in the University's indirect co and reported with other unallowable activities and Other In	r Federal Awards specifically identifies activities that st proposal. Expenses of this nature are identified		

C. Less formal accounting techniques such as workpapers and independent analyses are used in the preparation of the University's facilities and administrative cost proposal when the formal accounting records are reviewed to identify unallowable costs.

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT **REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679**

CONTINUATION SHEET Part I #2 of 2

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT

	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
Itam	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	University of Kentucky		
Item No.	Item Description	n Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015		
1.3.1 Revised #5	Treatment of Unallowable Costs Unallowable costs identified as described above may be rindirect (part of a pool). When unallowables are recorded the base to draw its share of indirect costs. When unallow cost pool, the cost is removed from the pool. These rules including service center costs, and every indirect cost pool. Unallowable costs, identified on a transaction basis and identified and	as part of a direct base, the cost is left in vables are recorded as part of an indirect are uniformly applied to each direct base, of described in Part III of this disclosure. Identified by 2 CFR 200 Cost Principles, Audit, and is C-1 through C-54, are specifically identified and general ledger accounts. When the proper general discovery disc		
1.5.0 Revised #5	State Laws or Regulations The following State laws and regulations influence the Un 1. The fiscal year is established by the Commonwea 2. Commonwealth of Kentucky purchasing statutes a University. Changes in state regulations will result in chain	alth of Kentucky. are incorporated into the operating procedures of the nges in University procedures. y (buildings and contents) to be insured in the State		
	END OF PART I			

C	OST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	PART II - DIRECT COSTS		
	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	University of Kentucky		
tem No.	Item description	Revision #5, Effective Date July 1 2015		
	·			
	Instructions for Part II			
	Institutions should disclose what costs are, or will be, charged directly to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives as Direct Costs. It is expected that the disclosed cost accounting practices (as defined at 48 CFR 9903.302-1) for classifying costs either as direct costs or indirect costs will be consistently applied to all costs incurred by the reporting unit.			
2.1.0	Criteria for Determining How Costs are Charged to Federally Sponsored Agreements or Similar Cost Objectives. (For all major categories of cost under each major function or activity such as, instruction, organized research, other sponsored activities and other institutional activities, describe on a continuation sheet, your criteria for determining when costs incurred for the same purpose, in like circumstances, are treated either as direct costs only or as indirect costs only with respect to final cost objectives. Particular emphasis should be placed on items of cost that may be treated as either direct or indirect costs (e.g., Supplies, Materials, Salaries and Wages, Fringe Benefits, etc.) depending upon the purpose of the activity involved. Separate explanations on the criteria governing each direct cost category identified in this Part II are required. Also, list and explain if there are any deviations from the specified criteria.)			
2.2.0	Description of Direct Materials. All materials and supplies directly identified with Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives. (Describe on a continuation sheet the principal classes of materials which are charged as direct materials and supplies.)			
2.3.0	Method of Charging Direct Materials and Supplies. (Mark the appropriate line(s) and if more than one is marked, explain on a continuation sheet.)			
2.3.1	Direct Purchases for Projects are Charged to Projects	at:		
	A Actual Invoiced Costs BX Actual Invoiced Costs Net of Disco Y Other(s) 1/ Z. Not Applicable	unts Taken		
2.3.2	Inventory Requisitions from Central or Common, Institution inventory valuation method used to charge projects):	ution-owned Inventory. (Identify the		
	A First In, First Out B Last In, First Out C Average Costs 1/ D Predetermined Costs 1/ YX_ Other(s) 1/ Z Not Applicable			
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet			

PART II - DIRECT COSTS

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
University of Kentucky

	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		University of	f Kentucky	
Item No.	Item descr	iption F	Revision #5,	Effective Da	te July 1 2015
2.4.0 Revised #5	Description of Direct Personal Services. All personal sagreements or similar cost objectives. (Describe on a corcosts, including applicable fringe benefits costs, if any, with charged as direct personal services.)	ntinuation	sheet the pe	rsonal servic	es compensation
2.5.0 Revised #5	Services Category to identify the method(s) used to charge	hod of Charging Direct Salaries and Wages. (Mark the appropriate line(s) for each Direct Persvices Category to identify the method(s) used to charge direct salary and wage costs to Federally elements or similar cost objectives. If more than one line is marked in a column, fully describe on tinuation sheet, the applicable methods used.)		ederally sponsored	
		<u>Direct</u> Faculty (1)	Personal Ser Staff (2)	vices Catego Students (3)	ry Others 1/ (4)
	A. Payroll Distribution Method (Individual time card/actual hours and rates)	_ <u>X</u>	_ <u>X</u>	_ <u>X</u>	
	B. Plan - Confirmation (Budgeted, planned or assigned work activity, updated to reflect significant changes)				
	C. After-the-fact Activity Records (Percentage Distribution of employee activity)	<u>X</u> _	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	
	D. Multiple Confirmation Records (Employee Reports prepared each academic term, to account for employee's activities, direct and indirect charges are certified separately.)				
	Y. Other(s) <u>1</u> /				
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.				

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD **DISCLOSURE STATEMENT** PART II - DIRECT COSTS **REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679** NAME OF REPORTING UNIT **EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS** University of Kentucky Item No. Item description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1 2015 2.5.1 Salary and Wage Cost Distribution Systems. Within each major function or activity, are the methods marked in Item 2.5.0 used by all employees compensated by the reporting unit? (If "NO", describe on a continuation sheet, the types of employees not included and describe the methods used to identify and distribute their salary and wage costs to direct and indirect cost objectives.) Yes <u>X</u> No 2.5.2 Salary and Wage Cost Accumulation System. Revised #5 (Within each major function or activity, describe, on a continuation sheet, the specific accounting records or memorandum records used to accumulate and record the share of the total salary and wage costs attributable to each employee's direct (Federally sponsored projects, non-sponsored projects or similar cost objectives) and indirect activities. Indicate how the salary and wage cost distributions are reconciled with the payroll data recorded in the institution's financial accounting records.) 2.6.0 Description of Direct Fringe Benefits Costs. All fringe benefits that are attributable to direct salaries and wages and are charged directly to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives. (Describe on a continuation sheet all of the different types of fringe benefits which are classified and charged as direct costs, e.g., actual or accrued costs of vacation, holidays, sick leave, sabbatical leave, premium pay, social security, pension plans, post-retirement benefits other than pensions, health insurance, training, tuition, tuition remission, etc.) 2.6.1 Method of Charging Direct Fringe Benefits. (Describe on a continuation sheet, how each type of fringe benefit cost identified in item 2.6.0. is measured, assigned and allocated (for definitions, See 9903.302-1); first, to the major functions (e.g., instruction, research); and, then to individual projects or direct cost objectives within each function.) 2.7.0 Description of Other Direct Costs. All other items of cost directly identified with Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives. (List on a continuation sheet the principal classes of other costs which are charged directly, e.g., travel, consultants, services, subawards, malpractice insurance, etc.)

PART II - DIRECT COSTS

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
University of Kentucky

Item	EDOCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	Onive	isity of itelitue	y
No.	Item descripti	on Revision#	5, Effective Dat	e July 1 2015
2.8.0	Cost Transfers. When federally sponsored agreements to other projects, grants or contracts, is the credit amount charges and applicable indirect costs always based on the indirect costs originally used to charge or allocate costs charge and the credit occur in different cost accounting sheet how the credit differs from original charge.) X Yes No	nt for direct pers the same amour to the project (sonal services, m nt(s) or rate(s) (e Consider transac	aterials, other direct .g., direct labor rate, ctions where the original
2.9.0	Interorganizational Transfers. This item is directed on will be transferred to you from other segments of the ed column to indicate the basis used by you as transferee transfers or materials, supplies, and services to Federal more than one line is marked in a column, explain on a	ucational institute of charge the colly sponsored ag	tion. (Mark the apst or price of inte greements or sim	opropriate line(s) in each er-organizational
		Materials (1)	Supplies (2)	Services (3)
	A. At full cost <u>excluding</u> indirect costs attributable to group or central office expenses.			_ <u>X</u>
	At full cost <u>including</u> indirect costs attributable to group or central office expenses.			
	C. At established catalog or market price or prices based on adequate competition.			
	Y. Other(s) <u>1</u> /			
	Z. Interorganizational transfers are not applicable	X_	_ <u>X</u> _	
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.			

CONTINUATION SHEET Part II #1 of 8

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

No.	Item Description	Revision #5, Effective Date July 1 2015
item		

2.1.0 Revised

<u>Criteria for Determining How Costs are Charged to Federally Sponsored Agreements or Similar Cost Objectives.</u>

(The following is an excerpt from the University of Kentucky's policy "Costing Guidelines for Sponsored Projects.")

- 2 CFR 200: Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards Subpart E Cost Principles states:
- (a) General. Direct costs are those costs that can be identified specifically with a particular final cost objective, such as a Federal award, or other internally or externally funded activity, or that can be directly assigned to such activities relatively easily with a high degree of accuracy. Costs incurred for the same purpose in like circumstances must be treated consistently as either direct or indirect (F&A) costs. See also §200.405 Allocable costs.

It continues with:

(b) Application to Federal awards. Identification with the Federal award rather than the nature of the goods and services involved is the determining factor in distinguishing direct from indirect (F&A) costs of Federal awards. Typical costs charged directly to a Federal award are the compensation of employees who work on that award, their related fringe benefit costs, the costs of materials and other items of expense incurred for the Federal award. If directly related to a specific award, certain costs that otherwise would be treated as indirect costs may also include extraordinary utility consumption, the cost of materials supplied from stock or services rendered by specialized facilities or other institutional service operations.

The above statement implicitly makes the point that charges to a sponsored project should support the project's purpose and activity and represent those costs necessary to meet the project's scientific and technical requirements. Such charges cannot be assigned arbitrarily or for the purpose of simplified budget management that is unrelated to the sponsored agreement's purpose.

Additional Criteria for Determining Direct Costs

1. The cost must be included in the awarded budget, or the cost must be permitted within re-budgeting authority granted by the sponsor.

When preparing applications for sponsored projects, the PI may submit a detailed budget. This budget includes line items such as salaries and wages, benefits, travel, supplies and other direct costs. The award reflects approved budgeted items and becomes a part of the agreement between the university and the sponsor. Only those costs included in the budget, or re-budgeted costs allowed by the sponsor, should be charged. If the cost requires institutional and/or sponsor prior approval after the award is made, the approval must be secured before the cost is incurred.

2. The cost must not be restricted by the sponsor.

Costs that are restricted or unallowable as indicated in the award notice or sponsor guidelines may not be charged to a sponsored project.

CONTINUATION SHEET
Part II #2 of 8

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

2.1.0 Revised #5

<u>Criteria for Determining How Costs are Charged to Federally Sponsored Agreements or Similar Cost Objectives</u>. (continued)

Acceptable Direct Costs

Direct costs must meet 2 CFR 200 requirements cited above and be "identifiable to a particular cost objective". The "particular cost objective" requirement means that costs cannot be directly charged if they are incurred for the benefit of research in general, or the interest of the researcher in general. They must be clearly identified with the work of a particular project or group of projects.

Documentation of Direct Costs

A. The cost must be identified with activity in the sponsored agreement to which the cost is charged. For example:

- 1. Communication costs should be linked to the sponsored agreement by approval in the awarded budget and receive prior approval on the cellular device form.
- 2. Purchases for a specific sponsored agreement must identify the grant's account number on the invoice, requisition, purchase order, journal entry or other payment document.
- 3. Supplies drawn from a central storeroom or inventory may be charged directly to a sponsored agreement if their applicability to the sponsored agreement is recorded at the time of withdrawal. All such costs must be charged to sponsored agreements based on anticipated usage at the time of withdrawal.
- B. Documentation that links the cost incurred to the sponsored agreement activity should be done by someone who is in a position to know the sponsored agreement activity; e.g., the person who is using the cellular device (as in the example A.1 above) or the person designated by the principal investigator to purchase goods and services for that particular project.
- C. Only actual costs may be charged to the sponsored agreement.

Unacceptable Direct Costing Practices

The following direct costing practices are unacceptable because they do not meet 2 CFR 200's standard for a "high degree of accuracy" in the assignment of costs to sponsored agreements:

- 1. Rotation of charges among sponsored agreements by month without establishing that the rotation schedule credibly reflects the relative benefit to each sponsored agreement;
- 2. Assigning charges to the sponsored agreement with the largest remaining balance;
- 3. Charging the budgeted amount rather than charging an amount based on actual usage;
- 4. Assigning charges to a sponsored agreement in advance of the time the cost is actually incurred;
- 5. Identifying a cost as something other than what it actually is, such as classifying an item of equipment as a supply;
- 6. Charging expenses exclusively to sponsored agreements when the expense has supported non-sponsored agreement activities;
- 7. Assigning charges that are part of normal administrative support (indirect costs) for sponsored agreements (e.g., accounting, payroll).

CONTINUATION SHEET
Part II #3 of 8

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
University of Kentucky

Item No. Item Description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015

2.1.0 Revised #5

<u>Criteria for Determining How Costs are Charged to Federally Sponsored Agreements or Similar Cost</u> <u>Objectives</u>. (continued)

Indirect costs are those that cannot be readily identified with a program, sponsored project, activity, or other cost objective.

Costs incurred for the same purpose and in like circumstances are treated as either direct or indirect costs. However, indirect costs may be charged as direct costs in unlike circumstances. Costs normally charged indirect may be charged direct under the following circumstances:

- 1. <u>Industrial/Commercial</u>. Projects sponsored by these organizations are proposed and awarded for the joint benefit of the sponsor and the University. Direct and indirect costs are assigned to projects based on the agreement between the sponsor and the University.
- 2. <u>Foundations and Not-For-Profit Agencies and Associations</u>. Projects sponsored by these organizations are proposed and awarded for the joint benefit of the sponsor and the University. Direct and indirect costs are assigned to projects based on the agreement between the sponsor and the University. The guidelines of these organizations specify the costs to be charged to a project.
- 3. <u>State Sponsored Agreements</u>. The University complies with State agency regulations and statutory requirements. Consequently, costs are assigned based on the sponsor's agreement and the budget.
- 4. <u>United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)</u>. The University complies with USDA appropriations, legislative mandates, and program requirements. This includes Federal appropriations that are administered by USDA for State Extension and Agricultural Experiment Stations.
- 5. <u>Training Grants</u>. Training grants are obviously for a different purpose than research grants and contracts and may involve special circumstances that require certain indirect costs to be treated as direct. Each exception is carefully reviewed and justified on a case-by-case basis, included in the proposed project budget, and approved by the sponsoring agency.
- 6. <u>Planning Grants</u>. Planning grants are used for preliminary work to determine the feasibility of a proposed line of inquiry and/or other activities that will facilitate proposal development. For these types of agreements, the federal agency will fund indirect costs at a specified percentage. Since planning grants are for a different purpose (planning) than a traditional research project, these project budgets may include direct costs that are specifically identified with the project.
- 7. <u>Geographically Inaccessible Projects</u>. Projects that are geographically inaccessible to normal departmental administrative services (i.e., a project that takes place in site(s) remote from the main campus in Lexington).
- 8. <u>Projects That Require Travel and Meeting Arrangements</u>. Projects that require travel and meeting arrangements such as but not limited to, conferences, continuing education, workshops, and seminars for large numbers of participants.
- 9. <u>Projects Involving Large, Complex Programs</u>. Large, complex programs, where size, nature and complexity of the activity goes well beyond the normal departmental support or there is a functional difference in work by individuals in the same job class. Examples include program project grants, center grants, grant for the Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR), Clinical and Translational Sciences Award (CTSA) and other sponsored agreements and contracts that entail assembling and managing teams of investigators.

CONTINUATION SHEET Part II #4 of 8

	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		NAME OF REPORTING UNIT	
Item			University of Kentucky	
No.		Item Description	Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015	
2.1.0				
Revised #5	Objectives. (continued)			
	accumulation, analysis and e For example, if a project req	ojects Which Involve Extensive Data Management. Projects which involve extensive data cumulation, analysis and entry, surveying, tabulation, cataloging, searching literature, and reporting. or example, if a project requires substantial mailing expenses in the performance of the project civities or technical work, postage should be charged as a direct cost of the oject.		
		e reports, books and m	ose principal focus includes the preparation and conographs (excluding routine progress aterial.	
	management; individualized	graphics or manuscripoject-specific regulato	ndividual projects requiring project-specific database of preparation; human or animal protocol, IRB ry protocols; and multiple project-related investigator	
	traditional instructional and r provide services beneficial to	nsored Activities (Not Research or Instruction). Funded projects which are beyond the instructional and research responsibilities of an academic unit. These activities primarily rvices beneficial to individuals and groups external to the institution. Examples include uch as public service, workshops, community development, and projects supported by funds ough the state.		
		osts Incurred for a Different Purpose. Additional specific costs that are justified by special and circumstance may be approved by the Director of OSPA. If approved, the cost is budgeted onsored Agreement.		
2.2.0	Description of Direct Materials			
	The principal classes of materials and supplies which are directly charged to federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives include: chemical and lab supplies, radioisotopes, drugs, minor equipment (those less than the capitalization level), gases, gasoline, and supplies (such as audio, visual, photo, dental, electronic, engineering, medical, teaching and data management).			
2.3.2	Inventory Valuation Method			
	Materials and supplies inventories are handled on an average cost basis. Fuel inventories are handled on a FIFO basis. Livestock is valued at current market prices.			

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

Part II #5 of 8

No. Item Description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015

2.4.0 Description of Direct Personal Services

Revised #5

Direct personal service costs include salaries and wages plus fringe benefits. Personal services costs are charged directly to federally sponsored projects or similar cost objectives according to the effort expended. Full-time employees are eligible for fringe benefits described in 2.6.0.

Employees are grouped into three major categories: faculty, staff, and student employees.

<u>Faculty</u> - Annual compensation for faculty is established for an academic year by contract, and is for a nine, ten, eleven, or twelve-month period. Faculty compensation costs, including fringe benefits, are distributed to federally sponsored projects or similar cost objectives based upon a planned percentage of overall responsibilities for the academic year. Charges for work performed on Federal awards and other sponsored projects by faculty employees during the academic year are allowable at the Institutional Base Salary (IBS) rate. Unless there is prior approval by the awarding agency in accordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.430(h)(1)(ii), charges to awards, irrespective of the basis of computation, shall not exceed the proportionate share of the IBS for the period during which the faculty member worked on the award. IBS is established by the University in a letter, appointment form, or other written document and does not include any income that an individual is permitted to earn outside of his or her duties for extra service pay. Examples of the types of compensation that are not included in IBS are:

- 1. Periods Outside the Academic Year/Summer Salary Stipends;
- 2. Practice Plan Salary Supplements; (see AR 3:14, Practice Plans for Health Science Colleges and University Health Services)
- 3. Bonuses and other "At Risk" Compensation;
- 4. Veterans Affairs (VA) Compensation;
- 5. Awards and Honorariums;
- 6. Internal Overloads;
- 7. Any type of compensation received from outside sources

IBS shall not be increased as a result of replacing institutional salary funds with grant funds. Faculty compensation for overloads for nine, ten, eleven, or twelve-month appointments for periods other than the academic year are calculated using IBS.

<u>Part-time Faculty</u> - Compensation for part-time faculty is established for each academic year or semester.

<u>Staff</u> - Annual compensation for exempt full-time and part-time staff is established for each fiscal year. Compensation for non-exempt full-time and part-time staff is based upon hourly rates of pay multiplied by actual hours worked. Overtime pay is calculated at 1 1/2 times the hourly rate for hours worked in excess of 40 per week.

<u>Students</u> Compensation for student employees is based on hourly rates of pay multiplied by actual hours worked. Teaching assistants are compensated based upon an academic year salary and research assistants are compensated on a monthly basis.

CONTINUATION SHEET Part II #6 of 8

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

No.	Item Description	Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015
2.5.0 Revised	Method of Charging Direct Salaries and Wages (continued)	

<u>Payroll Distribution Method.</u> For non-exempt staff and hourly paid students, the Payroll Authorization Record (PAR) establishes the hourly pay rate within the payroll system or if a merit raise is approved by the Board of Trustees, this is entered through the budget approval process before the beginning of the new fiscal year. Time reports are prepared or a time keeping system such as KRONOS is used each pay period, documenting the number of hours worked. The cost objects to be charged are submitted electronically into the payroll system by authorized personnel in University departments. The payroll system computes the gross pay (based upon hours and hourly pay rate) and direct fringe benefits and distributes these charges to the appropriate cost objects

For new faculty and new staff, the Payroll Authorization Record (PAR) establishes the faculty salary to be paid each pay period or if a merit raise is approved by the Board of Trustees, this is entered through the budget approval process before the beginning of the new fiscal year. The data from the PAR is entered into the payroll system. The cost objects to be charged are submitted electronically into the payroll system by authorized personnel in University departments. The payroll system computes the gross pay and direct fringe benefits and distributes these charges to the appropriate cost objects.

Revised cost distribution information may be entered throughout the year as activities and cost objects are updated. An after-the-fact activity record, confirming the cost distribution is prepared and confirmed annually.

<u>After-the-Fact Activity Records.</u> Confirmation of amounts charged to sponsored projects are prepared and submitted for certification to the faculty and staff after the conclusion of the fiscal year.

2.5.2 Revised

Item

#5

Salary and Wage Cost Accumulation System

The specific accounting records and reports used to record the share of total salary and wage costs attributable to each direct and indirect cost objective are:

Full-Time Faculty

The payroll distribution method is used as a basis for distribution of salaries for full-time faculty. Under this system, the distribution of salaries and wages is based on planned activity and updated throughout the year to reflect any significant changes in work activity. The accounting records used to record the salary costs are:

- (a) The salary proposal for non-clinical faculty, the Anticipated Annual Remuneration (AAR) for clinical faculty, and the Payroll Authorization Record (PAR) establish the faculty contract salary for the academic year. During the budget cycle, the Budget Preparation System (BPS) is used to load any annual salary updates when merit pools have been authorized by the Board of Trustees. Salary changes during the academic year, if any, require a revised PAR.
- (b) Both direct and indirect activity is assigned a cost object and a percentage. For each pay period, the percentage associated with that cost object is applied to the salary (as defined in 2.4.0 above) and the charges are distributed to the appropriate cost objects.
- (c) Revisions of payroll charges are submitted electronically by authorized personnel when there is a significant change to the cost objects to be charged for the activity. Note: For grants from the National Institute of Health (NIH) to which the annual salary cap apply, the total percentage is applied to the NIH salary cap and charged directly to the cost share for that sponsored project.
- (d) Statement of Reasonableness. This form is used to obtain after-the-fact confirmation that the salary charged to both direct and indirect costs is reasonable. The confirmation is received for the academic year and summer term.

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD **DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679**

CONTINUATION SHEET Part II # 7 of 8

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT

	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky			
Item	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	Oniversity of Renducky			
No.	Item Descr	iption Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015			
2.5.2 Revised #5	Salary and Wage Cost Accumulation System (continue Exempt Staff, Part-Time Faculty, and Teaching, Research				
	(a) The Payroll Authorization Record (PAR) is used to es officials electronically enter cost objects to be charge charged to each cost object, for each pay period, into gross pay and direct fringe benefits and distributes th appropriate percentage.	d, as well as the percentage of the salary to be the payroll system. The payroll system computes the			
	(b) During the budget cycle, the Budget Preparation Systematic due to merit pools authorized by the Board of Trustees				
	(c) Statement of Reasonableness. This form is used to charged is reasonable. The confirmation is obtained				
	Non-exempt Staff and Students				
	 (a) The Payroll Authorization Record (PAR) establishes the hourly pay rate within the payroll system. (b) During the budget cycle, the Budget Preparation System (BPS) is used to load any annual salary update due to merit pools authorized by the Board of Trustees. (c) Cross Application Time Sheets (CATS) or a KRONOS system is used to document each bi-weekly pay period, including the number of hours worked and payroll cost distribution, if necessary. These are submitted electronically into the payroll system by authorized personnel in University departments. The payroll system computes the gross pay (based upon hours and hourly pay rate) and direct fringe benefits and distributes these charges to the appropriate cost object. 				
	Reconciliation of Salary and Wage Costs to Payroll R	<u>ecords</u>			
	For each payroll period, the data is recorded in the finance of expenditures is available monthly for each cost object in processed within the IRIS Human Resources module (HF Payroll will not post to IRIS FI if it does not balance.	ncluding each sponsored project account. Payroll is			
2.6.0	Description of Direct Fringe Benefits Costs The following fringe benefits are attributable to direct sala federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives	,			
	 Health Insurance Life Insurance Vacation Leave Sick Leave Holiday Pay Post- retirent Wellness Hunemploym Terminal Va Terminal Sic 	al Retirement Income nent Benefits ent cation Leave			

CONTINUATION SHEET
Part II #8 of 8

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
University of Kentucky

item	
No.	Item Description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015

2.6.1 Method of Charging Direct Fringe Benefits

Direct fringe benefit costs are charged or allocated directly to sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives. FICA taxes are charged directly for part-time employees. Part-time employees who are half-time or greater accrue vacation and sick leave on a pro rata basis and part-time employees who are 75% or greater are eligible for the same fringe benefits as full-time employees on a pro rata basis. The following fringe benefits are specifically identified to each employee and are charged individually as direct cost:

FICA Taxes
 Retirement
 Health Insurance
 Life Insurance

5. Vacation Leave6. Sick Leave7. Holiday Pay

The following fringe benefits are direct charged via Fringe Benefit rates applied to salaries and wages (separately negotiated and approved by DHHS).

Disability
 Workers' Compensation
 Employee Education
 Supplemental Retirement Income
 Wellness
 Unemployment
 Terminal Vacation
 Terminal Sick Leave

5. Post-Retirement Benefits 10. CLIFF Vesting of Retirement Benefits

Separate fringe benefit rates are developed for the following classes of employee:

- · Full time staff
- · Full time faculty
- · All others

The fringe benefits included in the rate calculations for each of these employee classes is shown in the following table:

Fringe type:	FT Staff	Applicable Fr FT Faculty	inge Rate <u>Other</u>
		-	
Disability	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
Workers Compensation	<u>X</u>	Χ	<u>X</u> X
Employee Education	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
Supplemental Retirement Income	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	
Post-Retirement Benefits	Χ	Χ	
Wellness	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
Unemployment	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
Terminal Vacation	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
Terminal Sick Leave			
Cliff Vesting of Retirement Benefits	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	

2.7.0 Description of Other Direct Costs

The principal classes of other costs which are charged directly to federally sponsored agreements include travel, sub-awards, equipment, equipment maintenance, equipment rental, service center costs, long distance telephone calls, consultant fees, patient care costs, trainee costs, duplicating; rental of equipment and space, renovation of space, interlibrary loans and demurrage.

END OF PART II

PART III - INDIRECT COSTS

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
University of Kentucky

Item No. Item description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015 **Instructions for Part III** Institutions should disclose how the segment's total indirect costs are identified and accumulated in specific indirect cost categories and allocated to applicable indirect cost pools and service centers within each major function or activity, how service center costs are accumulated and "billed" to users, and the specific indirect cost pools and allocation bases used to calculate the indirect cost rates that are used to allocate accumulated indirect costs to Federally sponsored agreements or similar final cost objectives. A continuation sheet should be used wherever additional space is required or when a response requires further explanation to ensure clarity and understanding. The following Allocation Base Codes are provided for use in connection with Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0. A. Direct Charge or Allocation B. **Total Expenditures** Modified Total Cost Basis C. D. Modified Total Direct Cost Basis E. Salaries and Wages F. Salaries, Wages and Fringe Benefits G. Number of Employees (head count) Η. Number of Employees (full-time equivalent basis) Number of Students (head count) I. Number of Students (full-time equivalent basis) J. Student Hours -- classroom and work performed K. Square Footage M. Usage N. Unit of Product Ο. **Total Production** P. More than one base (Separate Cost Groupings) 1/ Y. Other(s) 1/ Z. Category or Pool not applicable 1/ List on a Continuation sheet, the category and subgrouping(s) of expense involved and the allocation base(s) used.

PART III - INDIRECT COSTS
NAME OF REPORTING UNIT
University of Kentucky

	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		University of Kentucky			
)	Item desci	ription Re	vision #5, Effec	tive Date July	1, 2015	
0 <u>lr</u>	ndirect Cost Categories - Accumulation and Alle	ocation.				
This item is directed at the identification, accu (Under the column heading, "Accumulation Me included in each indirect cost category are ide accounting system. If "No," describe on a cont category are identified and accumulated. Under allocation base codes A through P, Y, or Z, to each indirect cost category to other applicable activities, specialized service facilities and oth Sequence," insert 1, 2, or 3 next to each of the allocation process. If cross-allocation techniques section is not used, insert "NA.")		" insert "Yes" or I, recorded and a on sheet, how th column heading ate the basis use ect cost categoria vice centers. Un three indirect cost	"No" to indicate in accumulated in the cost elements a "Allocation Base of for allocating thes, indirect cost part the column hast categories to in	If the cost eleme institution's included in the e," enter one or ene accumulate bools, other insteading "Allocandicate the sec	nents formal e indirect cos f the d costs of stitutional ation	
		Accumulation Method	Allocation Base Code	Allocation Sequence		
	ndirect Cost Category a) Depreciation/Use Allowances/Interest Building Equipment Capital Improvements to Land 1/ Interest 1/	<u>No</u> <u>No</u> <u>No</u> <u>No</u>	<u>L</u> <u>L</u> <u>P</u> <u>L</u>	<u>1</u>		
(i	b) Operation and Maintenance	<u>Yes</u>	<u>L</u> _	<u>2</u>		
(0	c) General Administration and General Expense	<u>Yes</u>	<u>C</u> _	<u>3</u>		
(0	d) Departmental Administration	<u>Yes</u>	<u>D</u>			
(6	e) Sponsored Projects Administration	<u>Yes</u>	_ <u>D</u>			
(f	f) Library	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Y</u>			
(9	g) Student Administration and Services	Yes	_ <u>A</u>			
(l	h) Other <u>1</u> /	<u>NA</u>	_NA_			

1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PART III - INDIRECT COSTS **REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679** NAME OF REPORTING UNIT **EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS** University of Kentucky Item No. Item description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015 3.2.0 Service Centers. Revised Service centers are departments or functional units which perform specific technical or administrative services primarily for the benefit of other units within a reporting unit. Service Centers include "recharge centers" and the "specialized service facilities" defined in 200.420 of by 2 CFR 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. (The codes identified below should be inserted on the appropriate line for each service center listed. The column numbers correspond to the paragraphs listed below that provide the codes. Explain on a Continuation Sheet if any of the services are charged to users on a basis other than usage of the services. Enter "Z" in Column 1, if not applicable.) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (a) Scientific Computer Operations <u>Z</u> ___ __ __ (b) Business Data Processing C B C B A Y (c) Animal Care Facilities (d) Other Service Centers with Annual Operating Budgets exceeding \$1,000,000 or that generates significant charges to Federally sponsored agreements either as a direct or indirect cost. (Specify below; use a Continuation Sheet, if necessary) /<u>1</u> _/<u>1</u> _/<u>1</u> _/<u>1</u> _/<u>1</u> _/<u>1</u> 1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet Category Code: Use code "A" if the service center costs are billed only as direct costs of final cost objectives; code "B" if billed only to indirect cost categories or indirect cost pools; code "C" if billed to both direct and indirect cost objectives. Burden Code: Code "A" -- center receives an allocation of all applicable indirect costs; Code "B" partial allocation of indirect costs; Code "C" -- no allocation of indirect costs. Billing Rate Code: Code "A" -- billing rates are based on historical costs; Code "B" -- rates are based on projected costs; Code "C" -- rates are based on a combination of historical and projected costs; Code "D" -- billings are based on the actual costs of the billing period; Code "Y" -- other (explain on a Continuation Sheet). User Charges Code: Code "A" -- all users are charged at the same billing rates; Code "B" -- some users are charged at different rates than other users (explain on a Continuation Sheet).

Actual Costs vs. Revenues Code: Code "A" -- billings (revenues) are compared to actual costs (expenditures) at

Variance Code: Code "A" -- Annual variances between billed and actual costs are prorated to users (as credits or

charges); Code "B" -- variances are carried forward as adjustments to billing rate of future periods; Code "C" -- annual

least annually; Code "B" -- billings are compared to actual costs less frequently than annually.

variances are charged or credited to indirect costs; Code "Y" -- other (explain on Continuation Sheet).

(COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		PART III - INDIRECT COSTS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky
tem No.	Item descriptio	n	Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015
3.3.0	Indirect Cost Pools and Allocation Bases		
	(Identify all of the indirect cost pools established for the a centers, and the allocation bases used to distribute accur agreements or similar cost objectives within each major for pools, enter the applicable Allocation Base Code A throug accumulated pool costs to Federally sponsored agreement	mulated unction gh P, Y	indirect costs to Federally sponsored or activity. For all applicable indirect cost , or Z, to indicate the basis used for allocating
	Indirect Cost Pools		Allocation Base Code
	A. Instruction		
	X_ On-Campus X_ Off-Campus Other 1/		<u>D</u>
	B. Organized Research		
	X_ On-Campus X_ Off-Campus Other 1/		<u>D</u>
	C. Research Agriculture X_ On-CampusX_ Off-Campus Other 1/		<u>D</u>
	Other Sponsored Activities		
	X On-Campus X Off-Campus Other 1/		<u>D</u>
	D. Other Institutional Activities <u>1</u> /		<u>Z</u>
3.4.0	<u>Composition of Indirect Cost Pools.</u> (For each pool ide on a continuation sheet the major organizational componincluded.)		
	1/. Describe on a Continuation Sheet		

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD **DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PART III - INDIRECT COSTS REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679** NAME OF REPORTING UNIT **EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS** University of Kentucky Item No. Item description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015 3.5.0 **Composition of Allocation Bases.** (For each allocation base code used in Items 3.1.0 and 3.3.0, describe on a continuation sheet the makeup of the base. For example, if a modified total direct cost base is used, specify which of the elements of direct cost identified in Part II, Direct Costs, that are included, e.g., materials, salaries and wages, fringe benefits, travel costs, and excluded, e.g., sub-award costs over first \$25,000. Where applicable, explain if service centers are included or excluded. Specify the benefiting functions and activities included. If any cost objectives are excluded from the allocation base, such cost objectives and the alternate allocation method used should be identified. If an indirect cost allocation is based on Cost Analysis Studies, identify the study, and fully describe the study methods and techniques applied, the composition of the specific allocation base used, and the frequency of each recurring study. 3.6.0 Allocation of Indirect Costs to Programs That Pay Less Than Full Indirect Costs. Are appropriate direct costs of all programs and activities included in the indirect cost allocation bases, regardless of whether allocable indirect costs are fully reimbursed by the sponsoring organizations? X Yes Α. B. ____ No 1/ 1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD **DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679**

CONTINUATION SHEET Part III # 1 of 10

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT **University of Kentucky**

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS Item No. **Item Description** Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015 3.1.0 **Indirect Cost Categories - Accumulation and Allocation** (a) Depreciation/Use Allowance/Interest Building: The University employs straight line depreciation and maintains this data and computes the depreciation in a separate computer system. The calculated depreciation is allocated by the functional use of the assigned square footage of the building. The university employees componentization for research intensive building. See 3.5.0 square footage. Equipment: The University employs straight line depreciation and maintains this data and computes the depreciation in a separate computer system. The calculated depreciation is allocated by the functional use of the assigned square footage of the building. See 3.5.0 square footage. Capital Improvements to Land: The University employs straight line depreciation and maintains this data and computes the depreciation in a separate computer system. The calculated depreciation is allocated by the functional use of the assigned square footage of the building, where the capital improvement can be specifically assigned to a building. Capital improvement to Land costs not directly associated with a building are allocated by FTE student and FTE employees. The FTE student portion is allocated to the instruction function. The FTE employee portion is allocated to major functions by salaries and wages. Interest: External interest is recorded by building, and the data are maintained in a separate set of memorandum records. External interest is allocated by the functional use of the net assignable square footage in each building. See 3.5.0 square footage - L. (c) General Administration and General Expenses The Administration is comprised of the University-wide executive and administrative offices that do not relate solely to a single major activity, function, or segment of the institution. Costs are identified and accumulated within the Integrated Resource Information Systems (IRIS) by use of general ledger accounts based on actual expenditures of these functional areas. Total expenditures are accumulated in the general administrative cost pool for allocation. This cost pool receives an allocation from building and equipment depreciation, and plant O&M and is allocated based on MTC. See 3.5.0 modified total cost - C.

CONTINUATION SHEET
Part III #2 of 10

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

No. Item Description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015

3.1.0 Indirect Cost Categories - Accumulation and Allocation (continued)

(d) Departmental Administration

The department level administrative cost is recorded in cost objects. The faculty administration allowance as defined by 2 CFR 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is calculated for each department, division or organizational unit. The dean's administrative office costs are recorded in separate cost objects. Using the F&A Category Code on the master data, the dean's costs are allocated to each organizational unit within a college based on the department's, division's, or other organizational unit's MTDC. The departmental administration cost accumulation incorporates the Direct Charged Equivalent (DCE) methodology. The costs included in departmental administration are net of the salaries and wages directly assigned as direct costs to sponsored activities and the salaries and wages allocated as direct costs to non-sponsored activities (e.g., instruction and departmental research) by a direct charge equivalent (DCE). The DCE is defined as the ratio of sponsored general and support salaries and wages to sponsored faculty and professional staff salaries and wages multiplied by non-sponsored faculty and professional staff salaries and wages net of the allowance for bid and proposal and other administrative work described in by 2 CFR 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, Appendix III D.2.b.(4)

DCE= Sponsored general & support S&W
Sponsored faculty & professional S&W

X non-sponsored faculty & professional S&W less allowance

See 3.5.0. modified total direct costs - D.

(e) Sponsored Projects Administration

Expenses recognized as Sponsored Projects Administration represent separate offices and organizational units established primarily to administer sponsored projects. For purposes of determination of indirect cost rates, an analysis of the operating expenses reported in the Institutional and Academic Support categories is performed to identify expenses that are to be reported as Sponsored Projects Administration. The cost pool receives an allocation from building and equipment depreciation, plant O&M, and General Administration and is allocated based on MTDC for sponsored agreements. See 3.5.0 modified total direct costs - D.

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679

CONTINUATION SHEET Part III #3 of 10

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS					University of Kentucky			
Item No.		ltem	Item Description		Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015			
3.2.0 Revised #5	Service Centers (d) Other Service Centers with Annual Operating Budgets exceeding \$1,000,000 or that generate significant charges to federally sponsored agreements either as a direct or indirect cost:							
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
	Communications/Networking	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	С	<u>B</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Environmental Health & Safety	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	UK Mailing/ Services	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Employment Services	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Clinical Research Organization	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Capital Project Management	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Motor Pool (AG)	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Stores	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Medical Center Security	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Survey Research Center	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Advanced Genetics Tech Center	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Y</u>	
	Column 4, Code B							
	(4) User Charges Code							
	External users of service centers may be charged a higher rate than that charged to internal users. definition of an "external user" is as follows:							
	Customers either outside the sponsors.	e organiza	ational/a	<u>dministra</u>	ative stru	ucture of	the university or industry	
	Column 6, Code Y							
	(6) Variance Code							
	The University service center policy variances within plus or minus 10% or decreasing) to the next year's billi requirement, the service center is ex request an exception to the policy. I break-even requirement, the amoun subsidies of service centers are exception.	of total an ng rate(s) pected to f the servi t will be su	nual exp . If reve refund tice cente ubsidize	penditure enues res the total er expen d by othe	es are ca sult in a net over ses resu er non-fe	arried for net gain recover ult in a ne	ward as adjustments (increasing in excess of the 10% break-ever y to users proportionately or to et loss in excess of the 10%	

CONTINUATION SHEET Part III #4 of 10

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

Item
No. Item Description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015

3.3.0 (d) Other Institutional Activities

The Other Institutional Activities consist of the University's Auxiliaries. Accumulated indirect costs are not distributed to federally sponsored agreements.

3.4.0 Revised #5

<u>Composition of Indirect Cost Pools.</u> Describe the major organizational components, subgroupings of expenses, and elements of cost included in each cost pool.

Indirect Cost Categories (3.1.0)

(a) Depreciation/Use Allowance/Interest

The University employs straight line depreciation on buildings, equipment, and capital improvements. Any portion of an asset acquired with federal funding is excluded. Interest is based on the actual interest paid.

(b) Operation and Maintenance

The major organizational units and offices included in the Operation and Maintenance indirect costs are:

Plant Operations Administration

Costs incurred are those administrative costs that cannot be allocated to a single cost objective and consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and service center charges.

Custodial Service

Costs incurred to maintain the cleanliness of buildings and consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and service center charges.

Maintenance

Costs incurred to maintain routine building operations and grounds and consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and service center charges.

Utilities

Costs incurred for electricity, chilled water, steam, natural gas, and water. Costs also included are for the maintenance of the utility and distribution systems for non-auxiliary buildings and consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and service center charges.

Campus Planning

Costs incurred for the University Architect and Capital Projects Management Office and consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and service center charges.

Health Safety Training Programs

Costs incurred for employee training and health safety and consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and service center charges.

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD **DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

CONTINUATION SHEET Part III #5 of 10

	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky				
Item No.	Item Descriptio	n Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015				
3.4.0 Revised	Composition of Indirect Cost Pools (continued)					
#5	Environmental Health and Safety Testing Costs incurred for testing and maintenance of safety of alarm systems, eye wash stations, and extinguishers materials, supplies and service center charges.					
	Waste Collection & Disposal Service Costs incurred for the disposal of waste excluding has wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and service	zardous waste and recycling and consist of salary and e center charges.				
	University Fire Marshall Fire protection cost incurred for the preservation and wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and servic					
	Moving & Delivery Services Costs incurred to move general campus deliveries ar materials, supplies and service center charges.	nd consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits,				
	Parking and Transportation Service Costs incurred to enforce University parking regulations, parking structure maintenance, and shuttle service. These costs are offset by parking and transportation income and consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and service center charges.					
	Insurance Costs incurred to insure buildings, equipment, and co benefits, materials, supplies and service center charg					
	Police Protection Costs incurred to safeguard persons and equipment a materials, supplies and service center charges.	and consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits,				
	Emergency Management Costs incurred to train employees and prepare campowages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies and service					

CONTINUATION SHEET Part III #6 of 10

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

Item
No. Item Description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015

3.4.0 Composition of Indirect Cost Pools (continued)

Revised #5 (c) General Administration and General Expenses

The President has full authority and responsibility over the administration of the academic, business and fiscal operations of the University. Reporting directly to the President are the Provost, Executive Vice President for Finance and Administration, Executive Vice President for Health Affairs, and the Executive Vice President for Research.

Included in the General Administration and General Expenses are the following:

- · Office of the President
 - Chief of Staff
 - General Counsel
 - Vice President for Institutional Diversity

(Services provided by the Office of the President on behalf of the entire University include: academic planning; faculty, staff and student policies; budget development, negotiation and allocation; government relations and legal affairs.)

- · Office of the Provost
 - Graduate School

(The Provost is the chief operating officer for the academic areas of the University and has operational responsibilities for the academic programs, public service, faculty personnel and institutional research and planning.)

- · Executive Vice President for Finance and Administration
 - Human Resources
 - Treasurer
 - Vice President for Financial Planning and Chief Budget Officer
 - Internal Audit
 - Process improvement and Risk Analysis
 - Strategic Analysis
 - Purchasing
 - Institutional Equity and Equal Opportunity

(The Executive Vice President for Finance and Administration is the chief financial officer of the University.)

Costs related to the Executive Vice President for Health Affairs are primarily assigned to the Hospital.

Costs related to the Executive Vice President for Research are primarily assigned to Sponsored Projects Administration pool.

Part III # 7 of 10

Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

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R	-vi	sed

#5

Item No.

Composition of Indirect Cost Pools (continued)

The expenses in the General Administration pool consist of salaries and wages, fringe benefits applicable to the salaries and wages, and materials and supplies.

Item Description

This cost pool receives allocations from the calculated building and equipment depreciation, plus O&M operating expenses.

(d) Departmental Administration

This pool includes the deans' office expenses, departmental administrative expenses, and the allowance for faculty administration. This cost pool receives allocations from building and equipment depreciation, plant O&M, and General Administration.

The expenses in this pool consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits, and materials and supplies.

(e) Sponsored Projects Administration

These costs have been incurred by a separate organization or organizations established to administer sponsored projects, including grants and contract administration, editing and publishing of research and other reports.

This cost pool includes expenses of the Executive Vice President for Research, Office of Sponsored Projects Administration, University of Kentucky Research Foundation, Institutional Compliance office and Sponsored Projects Accounting Office.

Services provided by the Executive Vice President for Research on behalf of the entire University include: assistance to faculty and staff in the application for research grants; assistance in the administration of grants when awarded; ensuring compliance with federal regulations regarding—research; seeking protection in the form of copyrights and patents for discoveries and inventories; providing support to research faculty for equipment and special needs; and sponsoring post-doctoral fellowships.

The expenditures included are salary and wages, fringe benefits, and materials and supplies. This pool receives allocations from building and equipment depreciation, plant O&M and General Administration.

(f) Library

This pool includes the costs of operating the central library system. This cost pool receives allocations from building and equipment depreciation, plant O&M, and General Administration. The expenses in this pool consist of salary and wages, fringe benefits, and materials and supplies.

CONTINUATION SHEET
Part III # 8 of 10

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

Item No.

Item Description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015

3.4.0 Revised

Composition of Indirect Cost Pools (continued)

(g) Student Administration and Services

The major organizational units and offices included in this indirect cost pool are:

- Vice President for Student Affairs
- Associate Provost Undergraduate Education
- Enrollment Management
- Student Affairs
- The International Center
- UK Parent Association
- Martin Luther King Jr Cultural Center
- Debate Institute
- Counseling and Testing Service
- Central for the Enhancement of Learning and Teaching
- Career Center

This pool includes salaries and wages, fringe benefits, materials, and supplies. This cost pool receives allocations from building and equipment depreciation, plant O&M, and General Administration.

SERVICE CENTERS

The University of Kentucky Service Center and Recharge Operations Policy and Procedures comply with cost principals set forth in the Office of Management and Budget 2 CFR 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, Subpart E – Cost Principle section 468: Specialized Service Facilities. The principles provide for recognition of the full allocated cost of Federal grants and contracts with no provision for profit or other increments above actual incurred, documented costs.

The service centers include the salaries and wages, fringe benefits, and materials and supplies, and allocated indirect costs.

3.5.0 Composition of Allocation Bases used in 3.1.0

Revised #5

(a) Depreciation/Interest

Building

Allocation Base Code - L Square Footage

A periodic space utilization survey is used to categorize net assignable square footage by room and function on a per building basis. Building use is calculated by a combination of methods. Through the alternative space methodology, research laboratories and research laboratory support rooms (25X series) in research intensive departments are surveyed while other spaces (offices, conference rooms, etc.) are functionalized using the functional salary and wage percentage for the corresponding department. Classrooms and class laboratories are functionalized as Instruction. Service Center space is functionalized according to billing information. Vacant space is functionalized as Other Institutional Activities. Common areas, restrooms, hallways, elevators, and federally funded space are excluded. Costs are allocated by the net assignable square footage function.

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD **DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679**

CONTINUATION SHEET Part III #9 of 10

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS University of Kentucky Item No. Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015(a) **Item Description** 3.5.0 Composition of Allocation Bases used in 3.1.0 (continued) Revised Depreciation/Interest #5 Equipment Allocation Base Code - L Square Footage Refer to square footage allocation definition above. (a) Capital Improvements to Land Allocation Base Code - P More than one base (Separate Cost Groupings) Capital Improvements to Land cost directly associated with a building. See allocation base defined in 3.5.0 (a) Composition of Allocation Bases - Building. Capital Improvement to Land cost not directly associated with a building is allocated by FTE student and FTE employees. The FTE student is allocated to the instruction function. FTE employee allocated to major functions bysalaries and wages. (a) Interest Allocation Base Code – L Square Footage Refer to square footage allocation definition above. (b) Operation and Maintenance Allocation Base Code - L Square Footage Refer to square footage allocation definition above. (c) General Administration and General Expenses Allocation Base Code - C Modified Total Cost Modified Total Costs consist of salaries and wages, fringe benefits, materials, supplies, travel, service center charges, and subawards up to the first \$25,000 each. Modified Total Costs exclude equipment, capital expenditures, charges for patient care and tuition remission, rental costs of off-site facilities, scholarships and fellowships, and each sub award in excess of \$25,000. Accumulated costs are allocated based on the modified total costs except for all indirect and direct cost pools except those for the Hospital and the clinical enterprise at the medical center (which report to the Executive Vice President for Health Affairs). These costs are allocated to the hospital and clinics based on a direct cost allocation by the University Budget Office. Modified total direct costs are reconciled to total costs per the Integrated Resources Information Systems (IRIS). (d) Departmental Administration Allocation Base Code - D Modified Total Direct Cost Refer to modified total cost allocation definition above. Accumulated costs are allocated based on the modified total costs for the direct pools only. (e) Sponsored Projects Administration Allocation Base Code - D Modified Total Direct Cost (sponsored agreements)

		CONTINUATION SHEET
С	OST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	Part III # 10 of 10
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky
Item No.	Item Description	Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015
3.5.0 Revised #5	Composition of Allocation Bases used in 3.1.0 (continuation of all sponsored agreements. (f) Library Allocation Base Code - Y Usage Library cost is allocated on the basis of full-time equivaresearch, employees, and other users. Other users' or is allocated to instruction. The students working on reamount is allocated to the proper function based upon amounts are allocated to other institutional activities. (g) Student Administration and Services Allocation Base Code – J Number of Students (full-time) Student service cost is allocated to the functions (instruction) Composition of Allocation Bases used in 3.3.0 All indirect cost pools included in 3.3.0 are allocated based Modified Total Direct Costs consist of salaries and wages, center charges, and subawards up to the first \$25,000 eac capital expenditures, charges for patient care and tuition reand fellowships, and each sub award in excess of \$25,000 eac capital expenditures, charges for patient care and tuition reand fellowships, and each sub award in excess of \$25,000 eac capital expenditures and activities included in the base A. Instruction 1. On-Campus 2. Off-Campus 3. College of Agriculture on-Campus 4. College of Agriculture off-Campus 5. Organized Research 6. On-Campus 7. On-Campus 8. Organized Research 9. Organized	is the modified total direct cost, as described above, alents (FTE) of students, students working on osts are based on an estimate. The student amount search are allocated to research. The employee the salary and wages distribution. Other users' e equivalent basis) on and research) on a full-time equivalent basis. I on MTDC. fringe benefits, materials and supplies, travel, service h. Modified Total Direct Costs exclude equipment, emission, rental costs of off-site facilities, scholarships
	END	JF PAKT III

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679

CONTINUATION SHEET
Part V #1 of 1

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT

	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky
Item No.	Item Description	Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015
5.2.0	Applicable Credits (continued)	
	Applicable credits are offset against the specific direct or i	ndirect cost pools to which they relate.
	A. Credits/receipts offset against the specific direct or incfollowing:	irect costs to which they relate include the
	Purchase discounts Rebates Recoveries on losses Adjustments on overpayments Educational discounts	
	B. Credits/receipts handled as a general adjustment to the	e indirect pool include:
	Library fees Library fines Parking fees Parking fines	
	C. Credits/receipts treated as income and are not offset a	ngainst costs.
	If a refund, not specific to an award, is received in	the next fiscal year, it is treated as revenue.
	END OF PAR	T V

	(For each asset category listed depreciation; a code from A thro	V 100-679 IONS Item o	lescription			OWANCES	
1.0	Depreciation Charged to Fed (For each asset category listed depreciation; a code from A three	ltem d	•				
1.0	(For each asset category listed depreciation; a code from A thro		•	Revision #5	Ettactive Data Link		
	(For each asset category listed depreciation; a code from A thro	erally Sponsor			, Litective Date July	1, 2015	
	(For each asset category listed depreciation; a code from A thro	erally Sponsor	Part IV				
	Depreciation Charged to Federally Sponsored Agreements or Similar Cost Objectives. (For each asset category listed below, enter a code from A through C in Column (1) describing the method of depreciation; a code from A through D in Column (2) describing the basis for determining useful life; a code from A through C in Column (3) describing how depreciation methods or use allowances are applied to property units; and Code A or B in Column (4) indicating whether or not the estimated residual value is deducted from the total cost of depreciable assets. Enter Code Y in each column of an asset category where another or more than one method applies. Enter Code Z in Column (1) only, if an asset category is not applicable.)						
		Depreciation	Useful	Property	Residual		
	Asset Category	Method	<u>Life</u>	Unit (2)	<u>Value</u>		
	(a) Land Improvements	(1) A	୬ ଠାଠାଠାଠାଠାଠାଠା	(3) A	(4) B		
	(b) Buildings	<u>A A A A A A A A Y</u>	<u>c</u>	<u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u>	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 		
	(c) Building Improvements	<u>A</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>		
	(d) Leasehold Improvements	<u>A</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>		
	(e) Equipment (f) Furniture and Fixtures	<u>Α</u> Δ	<u>C</u>	<u>Α</u> Δ	<u>B</u>		
	(g) Automobiles and Trucks	A	<u>C</u>	A	B B		
	(h) Tools	<u>A</u>	<u>c</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>		
	(i) Enter Code Y on this line	Υ	_	_	_		
	if other asset categories are used enumerate						
	on a continuation sheet						
	each such asset category						
	and the applicable codes.						
	(Otherwise enter Code Z.)						
	Column (1)Depreciation Method Code	e	Colur	<u>nn (2</u>)Useful Life C	ode		
	A. Straight Line		A Re	eplacement Experien	ce		
	B. Expensed at Acquisition		B. Te	rm of Lease			
	C. Use Allowance Y. Other or more than one method 1/			stimated service life	allowance by Office of		
			Ma		get Circular 2 CFR 200		
	Column (3)Property Unit Code		Colur	<u>nn (4</u>)Residual Val	ue Code		
	A. Individual units are accounted for se B. Applied to groups of assets with sim service lives		B. Re	esidual value is dedu esidual value is not o her or more than one	deducted		
	Applied to groups of assets with var service lives Y. Other or more than one method <u>1</u> /	ying			-		
	1/ Describe on a Continuation 9						

COST	ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART IV -		
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	DEPRECIATION AND USE ALLOWANCES		
	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	University of Kentucky		
ltem				
No.	Item description	n Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015		
4.1.1	Asset Valuations and Useful Lives.			
Revised #5	Are the asset valuations and useful lives used in your indirect cost proposal consistent with those used in the institution's financial statements? (Mark one.)			
	A. <u>X</u> Yes B. <u>No 1</u> /			
4.2.0	Fully Depreciated Assets. Is a usage charge for fully depreciated assets charged to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives? (Mark one. If yes, describe the basis for the charge on a continuation sheet.) AYes B. X No			
4.3.0	Treatment of Gains and Losses on Disposition of De the appropriate line(s) and if more than one is marked, e AExcluded from determination of sponsor	xplain on a continuation sheet.)		
	originally charged CTaken into consideration in the deprecia	ne pools to which the depreciation of the assets was tion cost basis of the new items, where trade-in is		
	involved D. Not accounted for separately, but reflect Y. Other(s) 1/ Z. Not applicable	ed in the depreciation reserve account		
4.4.0 Revised #5	Criteria for Capitalization. (Enter (a) the minimum dolla for acquisition, addition, alteration, donation and improve expected life years of assets which are capitalized. If mo information for the majority of your capitalized assets, an amounts and/or number of years for each category or su for the majority of assets.)	ement of capital assets, and (b) the minimum number of re than one dollar amount or number applies, show the d enumerate on a continuation sheet the dollar		
		continuation page_ vears or more		
4.5.0	Group or Mass Purchase . Are group or mass purchase individually are less than the capitalization amount indicated			
	AYes <u>1</u> / BNo			
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.			

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD

CONTINUATION SHEET Part IV #1 of 1

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT			Part IV #1 of 1			
	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION	100-679		NAME OF R University o	EPORTING UNIT	
Item No.		Item I	Description	Revision #5	i, Effective Date Jι	ıly 1, 2015
4.1.0	Depreciation Charged to Fede	erally Sponsor	ed Agreeme	nts or Similar Co	st Objectives.	
Revised #5	Asset Category	Depreciation Method (1)	Useful <u>Life</u> (2)	Property Unit (3)	Residual <u>Value</u> (4)	
	(j)) Computer Software(k) Communication Equipment(l) Infrastructure Assets	<u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u>	<u>В</u> В В	
4.4.0 Revised #5	 Land will be capitalized in the University's financial records at cost. Gifts will be capitalized at fair market value at the time of donation. Buildings, building improvements, fixed equipment (other than communications and network equipment), infrastructure assets and land improvements costing \$100,000 or more, whether constructed or purchased, will be capitalized in the University's financial records at cost. Gifts over \$100,000 will be capitalized at fair market 					
	 value at the time of donation. 3. Telecommunications equipment acquired and installed by the University's Communications and Network Services service center will be capitalized in the University's financial records at cost over \$5,000. 4. All nonexpendable Moveable equipment purchased from vendors or fabricated by the University costing \$5,000 or more – recorded in eBARS (UK's inventory system) at historical cost, or fair market value in the case of gifts, and tagged with a UK property tag a) Expenses incurred for additions, improvements, or betterment to movable equipment – recorded in eBARS at cost b) Equipment meeting all the criteria for equipment but costing less than the capitalization limits – 					

- b) Equipment meeting all the criteria for equipment but costing less than the capitalization limits controlled by the department and not included in the University's capital inventory.
- 5. Computer software developed or obtained for internal use limited to institutionally significant systems developed or obtained for internal use with a cost of \$400,000 or more

END OF PART IV

PART V - OTHER COSTS AND CREDITS

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT

University of Kentucky

	EDUCATIONAL IN	SIIIUIIUNS	University of Kentucky
Item No.		Item description	Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015
		Part	V
5.1.0	Method of Charging Leave Costs. Do you charge vacation, sick, holiday and sabbatical leave costs to sponsored agreements on the cash basis of accounting (i.e., when the leave is taken or paid), or on the accrual basis of accounting (when the leave is earned)? (Mark applicable line(s))		
	A. <u>X</u> B	Cash Accrual <u>1</u> /	
5.2.0	and other incidental red	ceipts (e.g., purchase discounts, in	s" as defined in Section 406 of 2 CFR 200 section 406 surance refunds, library fees and fines, parking fees, ental receipts the institution receives are usually
	A	The credits/receipts are offset ag which they relate.	ainst the specific direct or indirect costs to
	В	The credits/receipts are handled	as a general adjustment to the indirect pool.
	C	The credits/receipts are treated a	s income and are not offset against costs.
	D. <u>X</u>	Combination of methods 1/	
	Y	Other <u>1</u> /	
	1/ Describe on a Cont	inuation Sheet	

INSURANCE COSTS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 NAME OF REPORTING UNIT **EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS** University of Kentucky Item No. Item description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015 **Instructions for Part VI** This part covers the measurement and assignment of costs for employee pensions, post-retirement benefits other than pensions (including post-retirement health benefits) and insurance. Some organizations may incur all of these costs at the main campus level or for public institutions at the governmental unit level, while others may incur them at subordinate organization levels. Still others may incur a portion of these costs at the main campus level and the balance at subordinate organization levels. Where the segment (reporting unit) does not directly incur such costs, the segment should, on a continuation sheet, identify the organizational entity that incurs and records such costs. When the costs allocated to Federally sponsored agreements are material, and the reporting unit does not have access to the information needed to complete an item, the reporting unit should require that entity to complete the applicable portions of this Part VI. (See item 4, page (i), General Instructions) 6.1.0 Pension Plans. 6.1.1 **Defined-Contribution Pension Plans.** Identify the types and number of pension plans whose costs are charged to Federally sponsored agreements. (Mark applicable line(s) and enter number of plans.) Type of Plan Number of Plans Institution employees participate in State/Local Government Retirement Plan(s) B. X Institution uses TIAA/CREF plan or other defined contribution plan that is managed by an organization not affiliated with the institution Institution has its own Defined-Contribution Plan(s) 1/ 6.1.2 **Defined-Benefit Pension Plan.** (For each defined-benefit plan (other than plans that are part of a State or Local government pension plan) describe on a continuation sheet the actuarial cost method, the asset valuation method, the criteria for changing actuarial assumptions and computations, the amortization periods for prior service costs, the amortization periods for actuarial gains and losses, and the funding policy.) 1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet

PART VI - DEFERRRED COMPENSATION AND

COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD

C	COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD	PART VI - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND		
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679	INSURANCE COSTS NAME OF REPORTING UNIT		
	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	University of Kentucky		
Item	<u>'</u>			
No.	Item description	n Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015		
6.2.0	Post Retirement Benefits Other Than Pensions (include (Identify on a continuation sheet all PRB plans whose cost For each plan listed, state the plan name and indicate the by each plan.) Z. [] Not Applicable	ts are charged to Federally sponsored agreements.		
6.2.1	Determination of Annual PRB Costs. (On a continuation sheet, indicate whether PRB costs charged to Federally sponsored agreements are determined on the cash or accrual basis of accounting. If costs are accrued, describe the accounting practices used, including actuarial cost method, the asset valuation method, the criteria for changing actuarial assumptions and computations, the amortization periods for prior service costs, the amortization periods for actuarial gains and losses, and the funding policy.)			
6.3.0	Self-Insurance Programs (Employee Group Insurance Costs of the self-insurance programs are charged to Fede (Mark one.)			
	AWhen accrued (book accrual only) BWhen contributions are made to a nonfor CWhen contributions are made to a forfeita DWhen the benefits are paid to an employe EWhen amounts are paid to an employee of YOther or more than one method 1/ ZNot Applicable	ible fund ee		
6.4.0	Self-Insurance Programs (Worker's Compensation, Liability and Casualty Insurance.)			
6.4.1	Worker's Compensation and Liability. Costs of such self-insurance programs are charged to Ferobjectives: (Mark one.) AWhen claims are paid or losses are incur BWhen provisions for reserves are recorded contrasted with present value, of the liabil DWhen funds are set aside or contributions YX Other or more than one method 1/ZNot Applicable	red (no provision for reserves) ed based on the present value of the liability ed based on the full or undiscounted value, as lity		
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet			

PART VI - DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND INSURANCE COSTS

NAME OF REPORTUNG UNIT

	REQUIRED BY PUBLIC LAW 100-679 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	NAME OF REPORTUNG UNIT University of Kentucky		
tem No.	Item description	on Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015		
5.4.2	 Casualty Insurance. Costs of such self-insurance programs are charged to Federally sponsored agreements or similar cost objectives: (Mark one.) 			
	A. X When losses are incurred (no provision for reserves)			
	BWhen provisions for reserves are recorded based on replacement costs CWhen provisions for reserves are recorded based on reproduction costs new less observed depreciation (market value) excluding the value of land and other indestructibles.			
	DLosses are charged to fund balance wit provision for reserves)	h no charge to contracts and grants (no		
	YOther or more than one method 1/			
	ZNot Applicable			
	1/ Describe on a Continuation Sheet.			

CONTINUATION SHEET
Part VI #1 of 1

NAME OF REPORTING UNIT University of Kentucky

	CATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	University of Kentucky	
Item Description Revision #5, Effective Date July 1, 2015			
Pens	ion Plans		
In addition to retirement benefits provided from the group retirement plans, the University provides supplemental retirement income benefits to certain eligible employees. The cost of supplemental retirement benefits is included in the fringe benefit rate and charged to Federal grants and contracts. Costs are incurred when benefits are paid to the retirees.			
Health and Life Insurance Benefits for Retirees			
retire	es. The post-retirement benefits are applicable only		
Work	ters Compensation and Liability		
A.	When claims are paid or losses are incurred (no p	provision for reserves).	
	Unemployment Compensation Insurance		
B.	When provisions for reserves are recorded based	on the present value of the liability.	
	Medical Malpractice Liability Insurance		
C.	When provisions for reserves are recorded based contrasted with present value of the liability.	d on full or undiscounted value, as	
	Worker's Compensation and Employers L General and Automobile Liability	Liability	
	END OF PART VI		
	In adaptovide suppling grant Healt Postretire meet Work A. B.	Pension Plans In addition to retirement benefits provided from the group provides supplemental retirement income benefits to certs supplemental retirement benefits is included in the fringe grants and contracts. Costs are incurred when benefits at Health and Life Insurance Benefits for Retirees Post-retirement health care benefits and post-retirement I retirees. The post-retirement benefits are applicable only meet the requirements of the University. Workers Compensation and Liability A. When claims are paid or losses are incurred (no pure Unemployment Compensation Insurance) B. When provisions for reserves are recorded based Medical Malpractice Liability Insurance C. When provisions for reserves are recorded based contrasted with present value of the liability. Worker's Compensation and Employers I General and Automobile Liability	