

Developing a yield loss prediction tool for Asian Soybean rust

S. Kumudini, C. Godoy, J. Board, J. Omielan, E. Prior, D. Hershman and B. Kennedy



Challenge

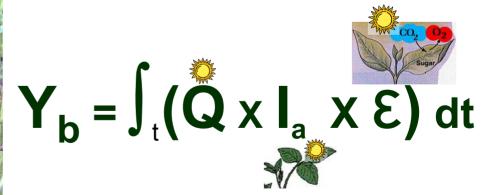
- Develop a yield loss prediction tool for ASR
 - Phase I: How ASR reduces soybean yield? (Brazil)
 - Phase II: Develop a yield loss prediction Model for ASR (KY and LA)
 - Phase III: Model validation study (FL)
 - Phase IV: Software development





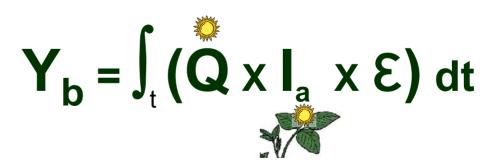






Phase I Objective

Determine how ASR reduces soybean yield: Is ASR-induced yield loss due to defoliation injury?



Objective: Determine the role of defoliation injury on ASR-induced yield loss

Embrapa Soja, Londrina, Brazil



Phase I. Determine how ASR reduces soybean yield? Londrina, Brazil

Cultivar BRS 154 (MG VII) Rows 45 cm (~18 inches)





RCBD design, 6 replications
 Five treatments
 1. ASR - R1





- RCBD design, 6 replications
- Five treatments
 - 1. ASR R1
 - 2. Mimic "ASR" at R1





- RCBD design, 6 replications
- Five treatments
 - 1. ASR R1
 - 2. Mimic "ASR" at R1
 - 3. ASR R5

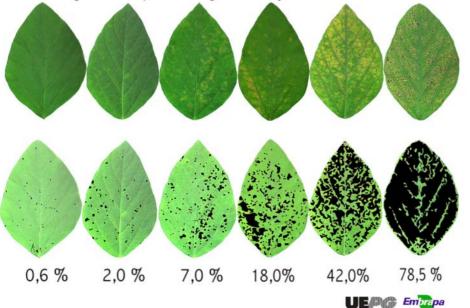
- RCBD design, 6 reps
- Five treatments
 - 1. ASR R1
 - 2. Mimic R1
 - 3. ASR R5
 - 4. Mimic R5

- RCBD design, 6 reps
- Five treatments
 - 1. ASR R1
 - 2. Mimic R1
 - 3. ASR R5
 - 4. Mimic R5
 - 5. Control



Measured Leaf Area Index Disease severity Yield

Escala Diagramática para ferrugem da soja

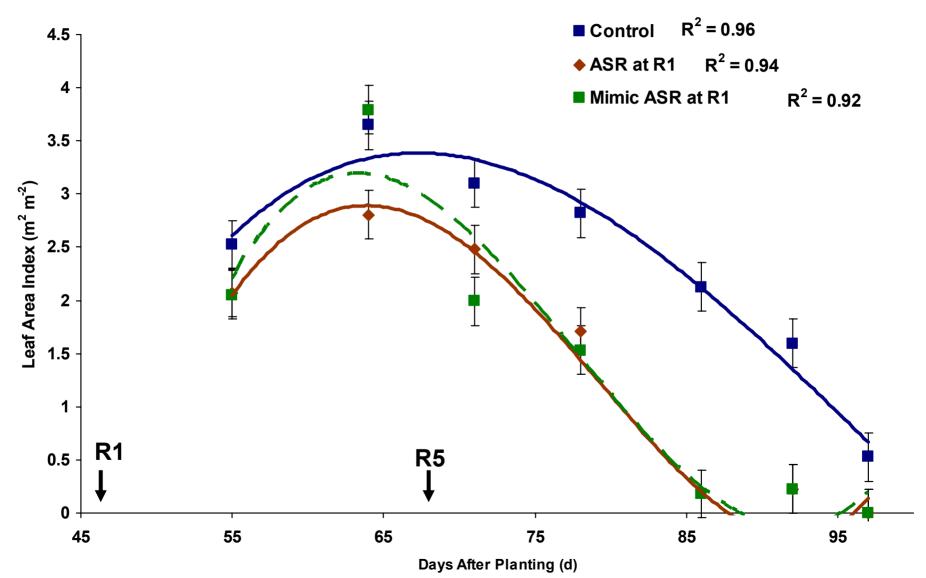




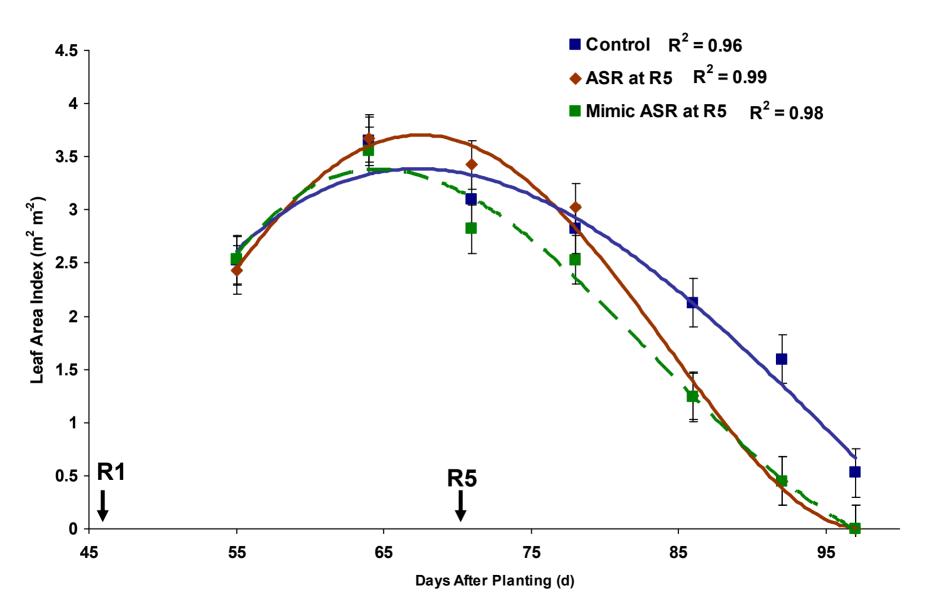
Results and Discussion



Plants infected at R1, leaf area over time - 2005/2006



Plants infected at R5, leaf area over time - 2005/2006



Role of defoliation injury in yield loss?



ASR-infected plot (ASR at R1)

Mimic ASR at R1 Fungicide treated, and manually defoliated to mimic ASR- plots

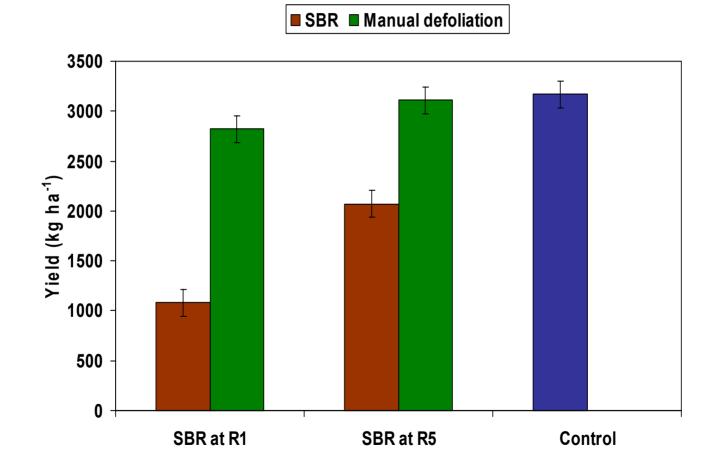
Plants around R6

Impact of ASR on yield - 2005/2006

1600 1400 1200 ha⁻¹) 1000 Yield (kg 800 600 400 200 0 SBR at R1 SBR at R5 Control

■ SBR ■ Manual defoliation

Impact of ASR on yield - 2006/2007



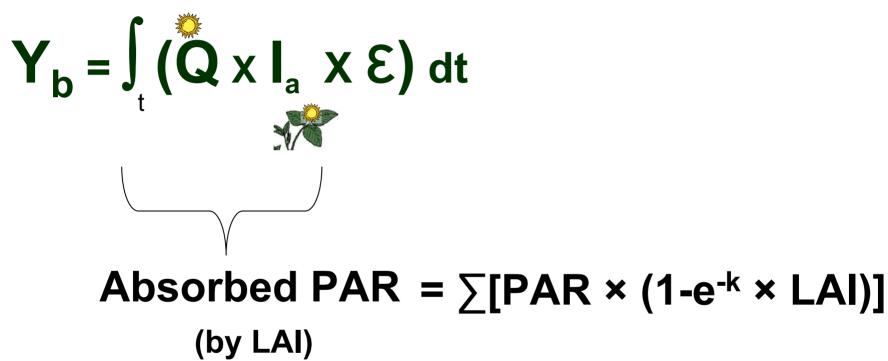


Table of Absorbed radiation from R1 to R7 in 2005/2006 and 2006/2007

Treatment	Absorbed PAR (MJ m ⁻²)	Yield
	LAI	
	2005/2006	
ASR-R1	238 b	
DF-R1	243 b	
Control	318 a	
	2006/2007	
ASR-R1	278 b	
DF-R1	278 b	
Control	309 a	

Table of Absorbed radiation from R1 to R7, and yield in 2005/2006 and 2006/2007

Treatment	Absorbed PAR (MJ m ⁻²)	Yield
	LAI	
	2005/2006	
ASR-R1	238 b	384 c
DF-R1	243 b	952 b
Control	318 a	1200 a
	2006/2007	
ASR-R1	278 b	1080 b
DF-R1	278 b	2820 a
Control	309 a	3170 a

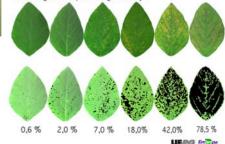
Close look at ASR-infected plot



Non-abscised ASR-infected leaf

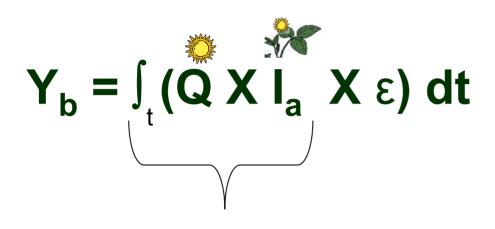


Green leaf area index (GLAI) GLAI = LAI x (1- disease severity)



Escala Diagramática para ferrugem da soja

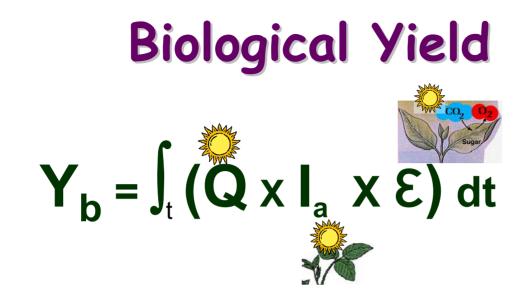




Absorbed PAR = $\sum [PAR \times (1-e^{-k} \times GLAI)]$ (by GLAI)

Table of radiation absorbed by leaf area, and green leaf area from R1 to R7 in 2005/2006 and 2006/2007

Treatment	Absorbed PAR (MJ m ⁻²)		Yield	
	LAI	GLAI		
	2005/2006			
ASR-R1	238 b	193 c	384 c	
DF-R1	243 b	232 b	952 b	
Control	318 a	311 a	1200 a	
		2006/2007		
ASR-R1	278 b	238 c	1080 b	
DF-R1	278 b	276 b	2820 a	
Control	309 a	305 a	3170 a	







What is the impact of ASR on radiation use efficiency (RUE)?



Objective: What is the impact of ASR on RUE?

Study in Quincy, FL

- North Florida Research and Education Center
- Cultivar DP 72200-RR
- Row widths 36"
- Fungicide: Headline ASR



Controlled Environment Study - KY

Main plot: High, zero disease severity Split plot: Resistant versus Susceptible RILs Split-split plot: pre-sporulating versus post sporulating



Measurements

Selected sun-lit, upper canopy leaves with variation in disease severity

Net photosynthetic rate

Disease severity







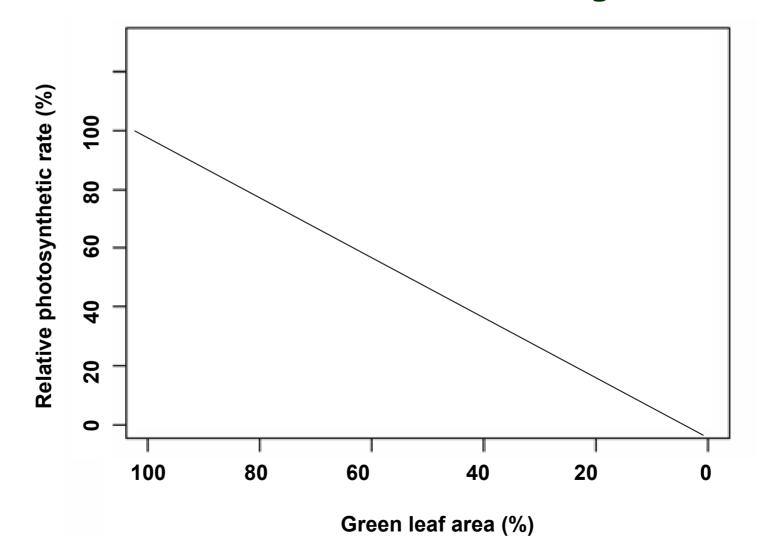








Impact of ASR lesions on photosynthesis -Growth chamber data from Lexington, KY



Impact of ASR lesions on photosynthesis – Field data from Quincy, FL

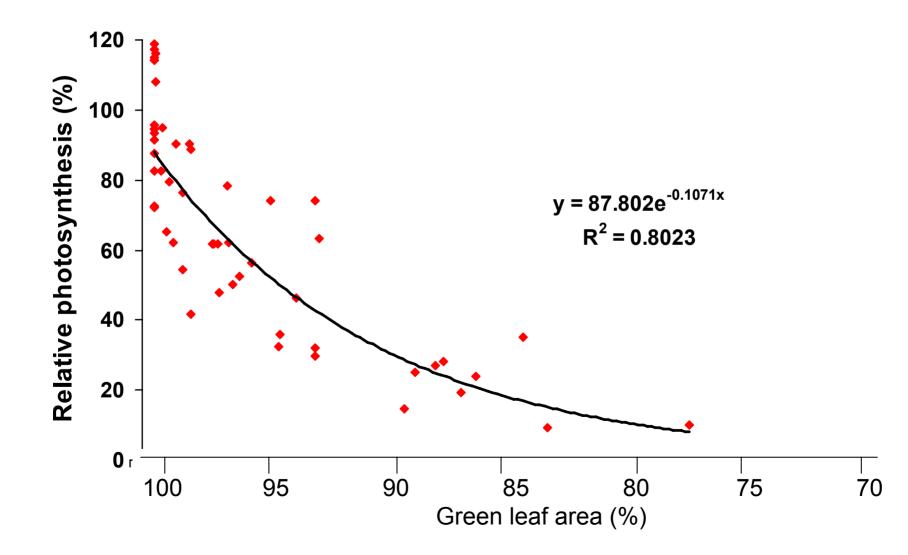
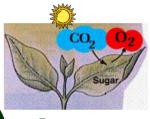


Table of RUE from R1 to R7, and yield in 2005/2006 and 2006/2007

Treatment	RUE (g MJ ⁻¹)	Yield
	2005/2006	
ASR-R1	0.85 b	384 c
DF-R1	1.21 a	952 b
Control	0.89 ab	1200 a
	2006/2007	
ASR-R1	1.00 b	1080 b
DF-R1	1.88 a	2820 a
Control	1.63 a	3170 a



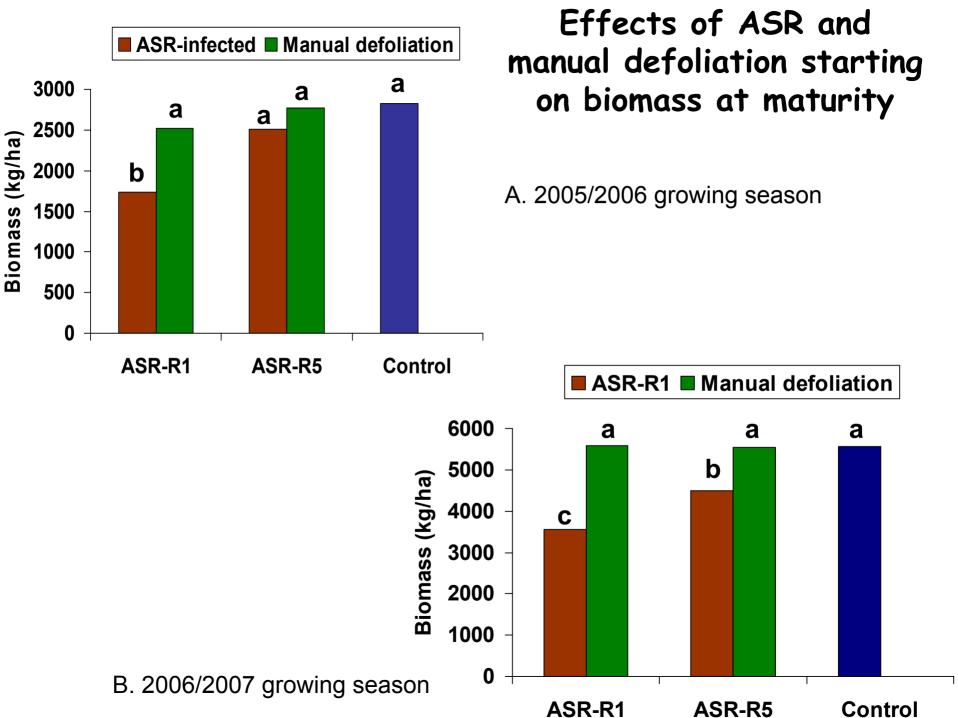
Biological Yield







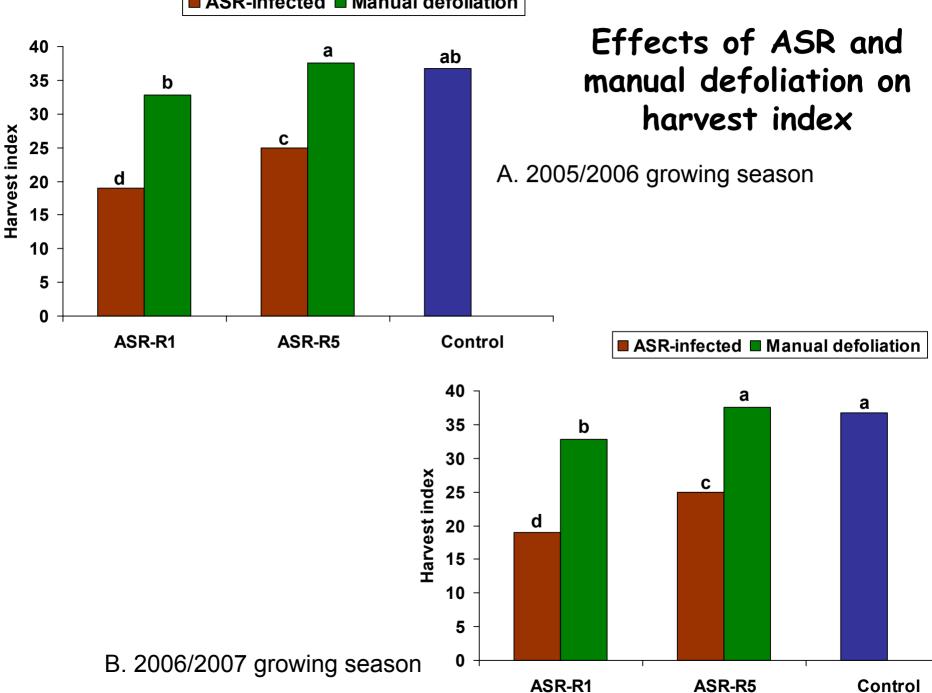






Grain Yield

$Y_g = Y_b X HI$



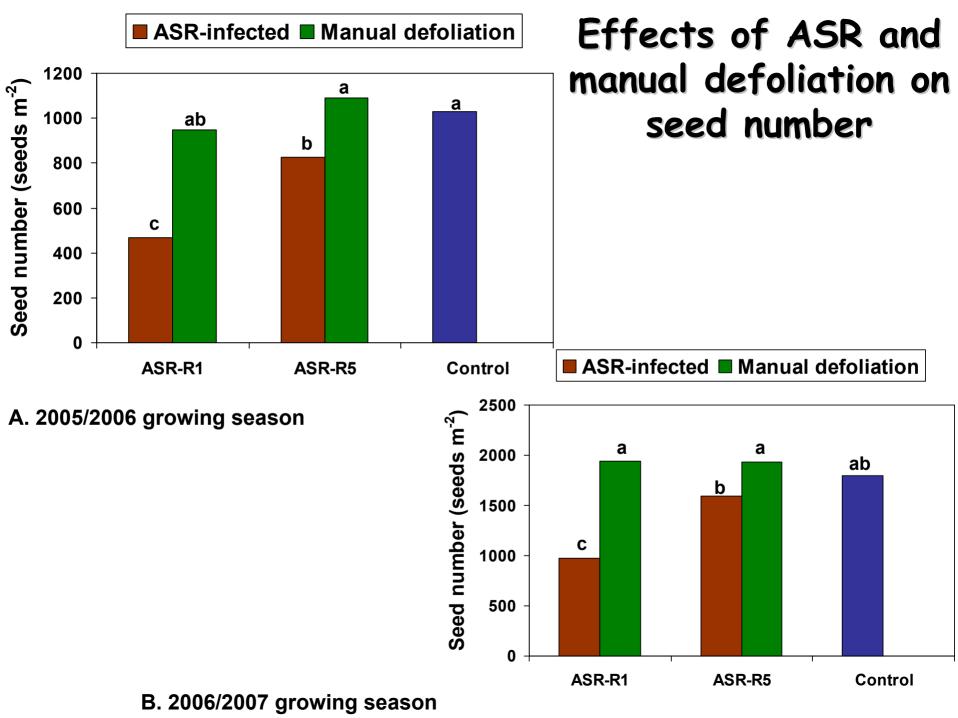
■ ASR-infected ■ Manual defoliation

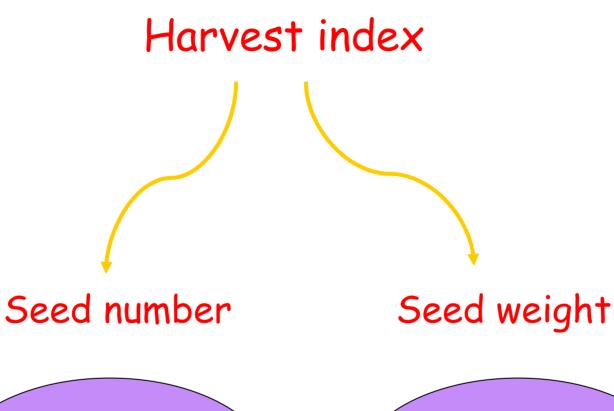


Seed number

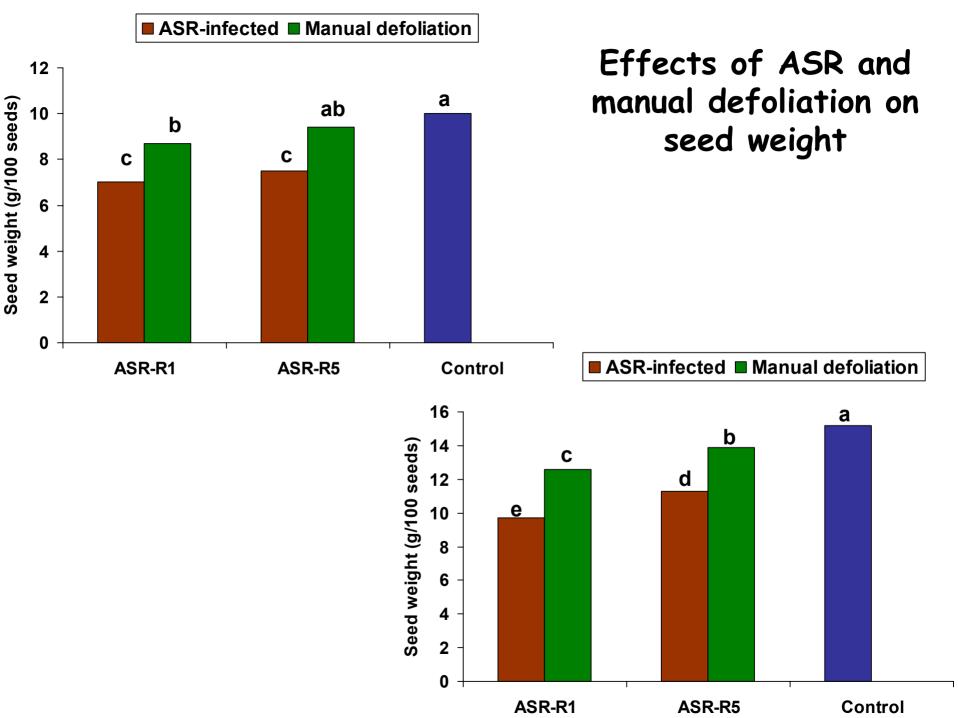
Seed weight

Function of rate of dry matter accumulation during R1-R5/R6 phase

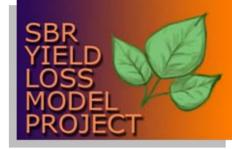




Function of rate of dry matter accumulation during R1-R5/R6 phase Function of rate of dry matter accumulation during R4-R7 phase

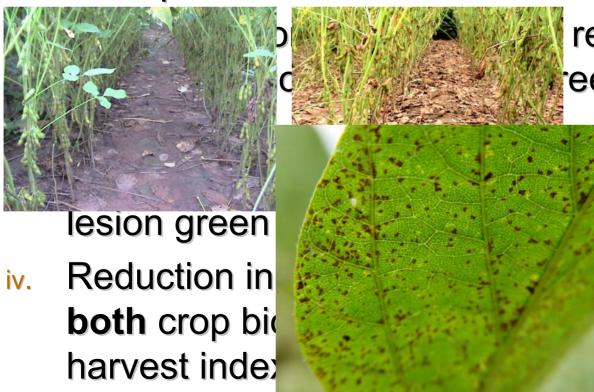






ASR-induced yield loss was a function of:

i. Leaf loss, resulting in a reduction in light absorption.



reduction in reen leaf









ASR-induced yield loss was a function of:

- i. <u>Leaf loss</u>, resulting in a reduction in light absorption.
- ii. <u>Disease lesions</u>, resulting in a reduction in light absorption by reducing green leaf area.
- iii. Reduction in photosynthesis of the nonlesion green leaf area.
- iv. Reduction in seed yield due to reduction in both crop biomass accumulation and harvest index.

What's next?



Validate the model under ASR-infected conditions in the USA (Phase III)

Acknowledgments

Project website:

<u>http://www.uky.edu/Ag/Agronomy/Department/sbr/index</u>
 <u>.htm</u>

Funding



- USDA, Risk Mangement Agency
- Southern Soybean Research Program
- KY soybean board

