Basically, if you create a plan like this it is a waste disposal because a hay/legume mixture does not need N. In order to get the most value out of manure you should apply it where N, P & K are needed (based on soil results). We did not apply manure to the garden because it has high soil test Phosphorus levels.

We applied manure to the alfalfa field because it will be a new crop but for the rest of their life span we will not apply manure. Alfalfa can utilize some of the nutrients the first year to get established but it will not utilize the N or P in later years because it is not needed.
We selected 1 T/A so we don’t over apply on Phosphorus. Commercial fertilizer should be used to supplement the rest of the needed nutrients. Step 13. Is nutrients applied through manure.
This will be new alfalfa crop so we can apply manure before seeding because it can use a small amount of N to get established. The P & K will be taken up, additional nutrient needs (see in soil sample results) will have to come from commercial fertilizer.
This field has a Fescue/White Clover mix, which means the legume (clover) produces its own N. When you look at the soil results it says no N is needed unless the legume stand is less than 25%. Applying to this field would be a waste of nutrients but these are the fields we have to work with.

We applied 2T/A to which was a waste of 40lbs. of N (step 13), but the P & K nutrients will be utilized. The rest of the need nutrients will need to come from commercial fertilizer.