

The Kentucky Department for Public Health
 University of Kentucky College of Nursing
Anderson County Health Department Tobacco Cessation Survey, 2003

	<u>Anderson</u>	<u>Kentucky (N=55)</u>
1. Are you or other health department staff involved in providing tobacco cessation programs?	Yes	55 (100.0%) Yes
2. If "Yes," what programs do you provide?		
a. Fresh Start (American Cancer Society)	No	6 (10.9%) Yes
b. Freedom from Smoking (American Lung Association)	No	0 (0%) Yes
c. Cooper-Clayton Method to Stop Smoking	Yes	51 (92.7%) Yes
d. Make Yours a Fresh Start Family (American Cancer Society)	Yes	51 (92.7%) Yes
e. Quit and Win	Yes	25 (45.5%) Yes
f. TEG/TAP	No	42 (76.4%) Yes
g. NOT	Yes	8 (14.5%) Yes
3. If "Yes," how many tobacco cessation programs were offered within the last year?	2	Total Programs = 504 Mean = 9.5 (<u>SD</u> = 12.8)
4. If "Yes," how many clients/patients participated in tobacco cessation programs within the last year?	20 (32 ^a)	Total Clients/Patients = 4439 (5277 ^a) Mean = 83.8 (<u>SD</u> = 87.0)
5. If "Yes," how many clients/patients completed tobacco cessation programs within the last year?	5	Total Clients/Patients = 2580 Mean = 49.6 (<u>SD</u> = 50.4) (58.1% Completion Rate)
6. If "Yes," what is the job title of health department staff providing tobacco cessation?		
a. Health Educator	No	37 (67.3%) Yes
b. Nurse	Yes	43 (78.2%) Yes
c. Social Worker	No	7 (12.7%) Yes
d. Physician	No	0 (0%) Yes

^aNumber of participants in LHD cessation programs + number of Quit and Win registrants - number enrolled in both (see Question 8).

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7. On average, how many requests for tobacco cessation does your health department receive per month?	1	Total Requests = 455 Mean = 9.1 (<u>SD</u> = 16.5)
8. According to our records, 12 person in your area participated in the Quit & Win Tobacco-Free Contest. To the best of your knowledge, about how many people involved in your cessation programs also participated in Quit and Win 2003?	*	Total People =137 Mean = 5.1 (<u>SD</u> = 10.9)
9. Within the past year, have any Cooper-Clayton Method to Stop Smoking programs been provided in your service area?	Yes	47 (85.5%) Yes
10. If "Yes," how many people in your service area are trained to provide Cooper-Clayton programs?	2	Total People = 290 Mean = 6.4 (<u>SD</u> = 7.7)
11. How are the tobacco cessation programs in your area promoted?		
a. Word of mouth	Yes	55 (100%) Yes
b. Flyers/Brochures	Yes	53 (96.4%) Yes
c. Newspapers	Yes	52 (94.5%) Yes
d. Radio	No	35 (63.6%) Yes
e. Television	No	18 (32.7%) Yes
f. Church or Community bulletins	No	30 (54.5%) Yes
g. No promotion	No	0 (0%) Yes
12. Approximately how much money have you spent in the past year promoting your cessation programs through newspaper, radio or television?	\$100.00	Total Amount =\$163,854.00 Mean =\$3,486.30 (<u>SD</u> = \$9061.36)
13. Within the past year, has your health department provided education programs on tobacco cessation for health care providers?	No	19 (35.2%) Yes
14. Does your health department have a tobacco-user identification system (e.g. tobacco use as a vital sign, flagging the charts)?	Yes	48 (87.3%) Yes

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15	If "Yes," is the tobacco-user identification system used for every patient at every clinic visit?	Yes	44 (91.7%) Yes
16	What kinds of educational methods are used for tobacco use cessation in your health department?		
	a. Formal group classes	No	42 (76.4%) Yes
	b. Individual counseling	Yes	54 (98.2%) Yes
	c. Audio-visual materials	No	45 (81.8%) Yes
	d. Printed materials	Yes	55 (100.0%) Yes
	e. Posters	Yes	53 (96.4%) Yes
17	Does your clinic have self-help materials for tobacco use cessation available in every exam room?	Yes	43 (78.2%) Yes
18	Are materials on secondhand smoke available in every exam room?	Yes	37 (67.3%) Yes
19	Do your health care providers routinely ask patients about secondhand smoke exposure in the home?	No	50 (90.9%) Yes
20	Do your health care providers routinely advise patients to ban smoking in the home?	No	51 (94.4%) Yes
21	Do you health care providers routinely advise patients to ban smoking in their cars?	No	51 (94.4%) Yes
22	Do your health care providers routinely provide brief cessation interventions using the 5 A's (Ask, Advise, Assess, Assist, Arrange)?	No	35 (64.8%) Yes
23	Do your providers routinely refer tobacco users who want to quit to a counselor or to a program available in your community for tobacco cessation treatment?	Yes	53 (98.1%) Yes
24	Does your employee health plan(s) at your health department reimburse for tobacco use cessation treatment? (including nicotine gum/patch and/or counseling)	No	24 (47.1%) Yes

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25	How frequently do your health care providers prescribe or recommend the following medications for tobacco use cessation?			
	a. Nicotine Gum	1= Never	1= Never 2= 3= 4= 5= Very Often	40.0% 16.4% 14.5% 9.1% 20.0%
	b. Nicotine Patch	1= Never	1= Never 2= 3= 4= 5= Very Often	32.7% 5.5% 9.1% 20.0% 32.7%
	c. Nicotine Nasal Spray	1= Never	1= Never 2= 3= 4= 5= Very Often	64.8% 22.2% 11.1% 0.0% 1.9%
	d. Nicotine Inhaler	1= Never	1= Never 2= 3= 4= 5= Very Often	68.5% 20.4% 5.6% 1.9% 3.7%
	e. Nicotine Lozenges	1= Never	1= Never 2= 3= 4= 5= Very Often	70.4% 11.1% 9.3% 3.7% 5.6%
	f. Bupropion (Wellbutrin, Zyban)	1= Never	1= Never 2= 3= 4= 5= Very Often	49.1% 12.7% 12.7% 16.4% 9.1%

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	g. Clonidine (suppresses opioid withdrawal symptoms; typically used to treat high blood pressure)	1= Never	1= Never 2= 3= 4= 5= Very Often	78.8% 9.6% 11.5% 0.0% 0.0%
	h. Nortriptyline (antidepressant)	1= Never	1= Never 2= 3= 4= 5= Very Often	80.8% 9.6% 9.6% 0.0% 0.0%
26	We have enough staff to provide tobacco cessation programs.	2= Disagree	1= StronglyDisagree 2= Disagree 3= Agree 4= StronglyAgree	16.4% 21.8% 40.0% 21.8%
27	Our staff are not trained to provide tobacco cessation.	3= Agree	1= StronglyDisagree 2= Disagree 3= Agree 4= StronglyAgree	36.4% 43.6% 14.5% 5.5%
28	We are too busy to provide tobacco cessation.	2= Disagree	1= StronglyDisagree 2= Disagree 3= Agree 4= StronglyAgree	30.9% 52.7% 16.4% 0.0%
29	We have few requests for tobacco cessation programs.	3= Agree	1= StronglyDisagree 2= Disagree 3= Agree 4= StronglyAgree	24.1% 31.5% 29.6% 14.8%
30	Tobacco cessation programs are too expensive.	2= Disagree	1= StronglyDisagree 2= Disagree 3= Agree 4= StronglyAgree	38.2% 41.8% 14.5% 5.5%

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31	Tobacco cessation programs are effective.	3= Agree	1= StronglyDisagree	0.0%
			2= Disagree	1.9%
			3= Agree	64.2%
			4= StronglyAgree	34.0%

*This report was prepared through a contract between the Kentucky Cabinet
for Health Services and the University of Kentucky College of Nursing*

For more information, contact:
Dr. Ellen Hahn, DNS, RN
Associate Professor
University of Kentucky
College of Nursing
(859) 257-2358
ejhahn00@pop.uky.edu

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