



This Test has 61 attempts. For information on editing questions, click **More Help** below.



Test Canvas: biodiversity reading test

The Test Canvas allows you to add and edit questions, add Question Sets or Random Blocks, reorder questions, and review the test. [More Help](#)

Question Settings

You can edit, delete, or change the point values of test questions on this page. If necessary, test attempts will be regraded after you submit your changes.

Description This is the first of the readings quizzes required for this course

Instructions After reading the biodiversity 101 and the United Nations 2010 Biodiversity Outlook, begin this exam. You will have 90 minutes to complete the exam

Total Questions 9

Total Points 90

Number of Attempts 61

Select: [All](#) [None](#) Select by Type: - Question Type -

Delete and Regrade

Points

Update and Regrade

Hide Question Details

1. Multiple Choice: 0 0 1 32 188 universit...

Points: 10

Question

According to Biodiversity 101. Why is the "loss of isolated populations, along with their unique genetic variation... considered by some scientists to be one of the greatest but most overlooked tragedies of the biodiversity crisis.?"

Answer

unique adaptations may be lost

the potential for the evolution of a new species disappears

both 2 and 3

we might not learn about some economically useful attribute of the population, like tastier beef

Correct Feedback good job

Incorrect Feedback ni modo

Points: **10**

2. Multiple Choice: Biodiversity 101-b: 0 0 1 5 31 university ...

Question	Which of these is a living fossil?
Answer	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> chambered nautilus</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> beagles</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> oak trees</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> tad mutersbaugh</p>

Points: **10**

3. Multiple Choice: Biodiversity 101-c: 0 0 1 5 34 university ...

Question	What is the 'sixth great extinction'?
Answer	asteroid wiped out the dinosaurs

- b. Permian extinction: 90% of species lost
- c. Contemporary anthropogenic activities causing mass extinctions
- d. Loss of the passenger pigeon



Points: **10**

4. Multiple Choice: UN biodiversity a: 0 0 1 13 78 university...

Question	Figure 10 (p. 38-39): coverage of terrestrial protected areas: Which is better protected?
Answer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nearctic <input checked="" type="radio"/> Neotropic Antartic mars



Points: **10**

5. Multiple Choice: UN biodiversity b: 0 0 1 17 101 universit...

Question	In Table 1 (p. 18) How many of the 11 (eleven) agreed subsidiary targets to the 2010 biodiversity target have been met?
Answer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7 5 3

 0

Points: **10**




6. Multiple Choice: UN biodiversity c: 0 0 1 20 116 universit...

Question

In Table 1 (p. 18), of the four drivers of biological diversity loss included in the 2010 goals, which has met with the least success:

Answer

 1.2: controlling unsustainable consumption

4.3: preventing endangerment of species by international trade

5.1 decreasing the rate of loss and degradation of natural habitats

5.1 controlling pathways for invasive aliens

7.2 reducing pollution and its impacts on biodiversity

Points: **10**



7. Multiple Choice: UN biodiversity d: 0 0 1 11 67 university...

Question

In Figure 15 (p. 60) Which coastline has the greatest number of marine dead zones?

Answer

north coast of Australia

east coast of India

north coast of Brazil

west coast of Florida

Points: **10****8. Multiple Choice: uN biodiversity e: 0 0 1 7 44 university**

...

Question

In Figure 15 (p. 60) Ocean dead zones are caused by:

Answer

cadavers floating down rivers

cruise ship refuse

low oxygen levels caused by fertilizer runoff

lead contamination from gold mining

Points: **10****9. Multiple Choice: UN biodiversity f: 0 0 1 7 41 university**

...

Question

In Box 3 (p. 23) biodiversity matters because it:

Answer

provides direct benefits to people, such as fancy cheeses

regulates the global environment, for instance by protecting coastlines

provides cultural services such as sacred groves

Provides supporting services for the functioning of ecosystems such as soil formation

Provides all of the above

Select: All None Select by Type:

Points